

Service Manual

Printer

LP 3118

22-02-2005



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Safety warnings and precautions

Various symbols are used to protect our service personnel and customers from physical danger and to prevent damage to their property. These symbols are described below:

ADANGER: High risk of serious bodily injury or death may result from insufficient attention to or incorrect compliance with warning messages using this symbol.

WARNING: Serious bodily injury or death may result from insufficient attention to or incorrect compliance with warning messages using this symbol.

CAUTION: Bodily injury or damage to property may result from insufficient attention to or incorrect compliance with warning messages using this symbol.

Symbols

The triangle (\triangle) symbol indicates a warning including danger and caution. The specific point of attention is shown inside the symbol.



General warning.



Warning of risk of electric shock.



Warning of high temperature.

○ indicates a prohibited action. The specific prohibition is shown inside the symbol.



General prohibited action.



Disassembly prohibited.

• indicates that action is required. The specific action required is shown inside the symbol.



General action required.



Remove the power plug from the wall outlet.



Always ground the printer.

1.Installation Precautions

WARNING

Do not use a power supply with a voltage other than that specified. Avoid multiple connections to
one outlet: they may cause fire or electric shock. When using an extension cable, always check
that it is adequate for the rated current.



Connect the ground wire to a suitable grounding point. Not grounding the printer may cause fire or
electric shock. Connecting the earth wire to an object not approved for the purpose may cause
explosion or electric shock. Never connect the ground cable to any of the following: gas pipes,
lightning rods, ground cables for telephone lines and water pipes or faucets not approved by the
proper authorities.



ACAUTION:

• Do not place the printer on an infirm or angled surface: the printer may tip over, causing injury.



• Do not install the printer in a humid or dusty place. This may cause fire or electric shock.



• Do not install the printer near a radiator, heater, other heat source or near flammable material.

This may cause fire.



Allow sufficient space around the printer to allow the ventilation grills to keep the machine as cool
as possible. Insufficient ventilation may cause heat buildup and poor copying performance.



Always handle the machine by the correct locations when moving it.



• Always use anti-toppling and locking devices on printers so equipped. Failure to do this may cause the printer to move unexpectedly or topple, leading to injury.



Avoid inhaling toner or developer excessively. Protect the eyes. If toner or developer is accidentally ingested, drink a lot of water to dilute it in the stomach and obtain medical attention immediately. If it gets into the eyes, rinse immediately with copious amounts of water and obtain medical attention.

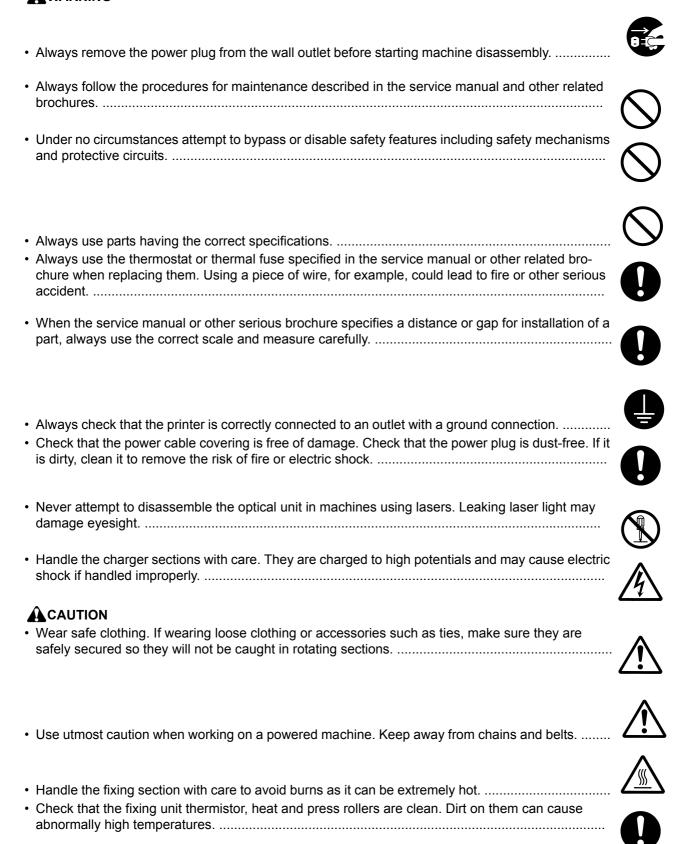


 Advice customers that they must always follow the safety warnings and precautions in the printer's instruction handbook.



2. Precautions for Maintenance

WARNING



Do not remove the ozone filter, if any, from the printer except for routine replacement	0
Do not pull on the AC power cord or connector wires on high-voltage components when removing them; always hold the plug itself.	
Do not route the power cable where it may be stood on or trapped. If necessary, protect it with a cable cover or other appropriate item.	
Treat the ends of the wire carefully when installing a new charger wire to avoid electric leaks	U
Remove toner completely from electronic components.	<u></u>
 Run wire harnesses carefully so that wires will not be trapped or damaged. After maintenance, always check that all the parts, screws, connectors and wires that were removed, have been refitted correctly. Special attention should be paid to any forgotten connector, trapped wire and missing screws. 	0
Check that all the caution labels that should be present on the machine according to the instruction handbook are clean and not peeling. Replace with new ones if necessary.	0
 Handle greases and solvents with care by following the instructions below: Use only a small amount of solvent at a time, being careful not to spill. Wipe spills off completely. Ventilate the room well while using grease or solvents. Allow applied solvents to evaporate completely before refitting the covers or turning the power switch on. Always wash hands afterwards. 	Y
Never dispose of toner or toner bottles in fire. Toner may cause sparks when exposed directly to fire in a furnace, etc.	
Should smoke be seen coming from the printer, remove the power plug from the wall outlet immediately.	
3.Miscellaneous	

AWARNING

• Never attempt to heat the drum or expose it to any organic solvents such as alcohol, other than the specified refiner; it may generate toxic gas.





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2GL/2FV/2FW

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1-1-1 Specifications

16 ppm GDI printer (FS-720)

Type	
• ,	Paper cassette: Plain paper (60 to 105 g/m²)
i apei type	
	Recycled paper (60 to 105 g/m²)
	Thick paper (90 to 105 g/m ²)
	Manual feed tray: Plain paper (60 to 163 g/m ²)
	Recycled paper (60 to 163 g/m²)
	Thick paper (60 to 163 g/m²)
	Special paper: Transparencies, labels, envelopes, postcards, tracing paper
Paper sizes	·
	A4 (210 × 297 mm)
	B5 (182 × 257 mm)
	A5 (148 \times 210 mm) Folio (210 \times 330 mm)
	Letter (81/2" × 11")
	Legal (8½" × 14")
	Officio II (8 ¹ / ₂ " × 13")
	Non-standard size (148 \times 210 mm to 216 \times 356 mm)
	Manual feed tray
	A4 (210 × 297 mm)
	B5 (182 × 257 mm)
	A5 (148 × 210 mm)
	Folio (210 × 330 mm) Letter (8½" × 11")
	Legal (8½" × 14")
	Officio II (81/2" × 13")
	Non-standard size ($70 \times 148 \text{ mm to } 216 \times 356 \text{ mm}$)
Print speeds	
•	Letter: 17 pages/minutes
	11 seconds or less (ready), 21 seconds or less (sleep)
	16 seconds or less (power on), 12 seconds or less (sleep)
•	One universal cassette and one manual feed tray
Paper loading capacity	Paper cassette: 250 sheets (80 g/m², 0.11 μm)
	Manual feed tray: 1 sheet (80 g/m², 0.11 μm)
Paper exit system	Face down: 100 sheets (80 g/m ² , 0.11 μm)
Photoconductor	
Charging system	
Developing system	Mono component dry developing method
Transfer evetem	Toner replenishing: Automatic from the toner container
Separation system	Transfer roller (negative-charged)
Fixing system	
Charge erasing system	
Cleaning system	
3 - 7	

2GL/2FV/2FW

Controller hardware	CPU: 32 bit RISC CPU
	System ROM: 1 Mbit (on-board)
	Main RAM: 8 MB (on-board)
Interface	USB: Full-Speed USB2.0
Controller software	Host based
Resolution	600 dpi mode (600 \times 600 dpi)
Dimensions (H × W × D)	245 × 380 × 390 mm/9.6" × 15.0" × 15.4"
Weight	Main unit: 9.2 kg/20.3 lbs
Power source	220 - 240 V AC, 50/60 Hz (European countries), 120 V AC, 60 Hz (U.S.A./Canada)
Power consumption	Maximum: 830 W (220 - 240 V model), 823 W (120 V model)
	Normal operating: 302 W (220 - 240 V model), 295 W (120 V model)
	Ready: 5 W (220 - 240 V model), 5 W (120 V model)
	EcoPower: 4.2 W (220 - 240 V model), 3.8 W (120 V model)
Current	3.4 A (220 - 240 V model), 6.8 A (120 V model)
Noise	Printing: 49 dB(A), Ready: 28 dB(A)

16 ppm printer (FS-820)

Type	
Printing system	
Paper type	Paper cassette: Plain paper (60 to 105 g/m²)
	Recycled paper (60 to 105 g/m²)
	Thick paper (90 to 105 g/m²)
	Manual feed tray: Plain paper (60 to 163 g/m ²)
	Recycled paper (60 to 163 g/m ²)
	Thick paper (60 to 163 g/m ²)
	Special paper: Transparencies, labels, envelopes, postcards, tracing paper
Paper sizes	
	A4 (210 × 297 mm)
	B5 (182 × 257 mm)
	A5 (148 × 210 mm)
	Folio (210 × 330 mm)
	Letter (81/2" × 11")
	Legal (81/2" × 14")
	Officio II (8 ¹ / ₂ " × 13")
	Non-standard size (148 × 210 mm to 216 × 356 mm)
	Manual feed tray
	A4 (210 \times 297 mm) B5 (182 \times 257 mm)
	A5 (148 × 210 mm)
	Folio (210 × 330 mm)
	Letter (8 ¹ / ₂ " × 11")
	Legal (81/2" × 14")
	Officio II (81/2" × 13")
	Non-standard size ($70 \times 148 \text{ mm}$ to $216 \times 356 \text{ mm}$)
Print speeds	
·	Letter: 17 pages/minutes
First print time	11 seconds or less (ready), 21 seconds or less (sleep)
Warm-up time	16 seconds or less (power on), 12 seconds or less (sleep)
Paper feed system	One universal cassette and one manual feed tray
Paper loading capacity	Paper cassette: 250 sheets (80 g/m², 0.11 μm)
	Manual feed tray: 1 sheet (80 g/m ² , 0.11 μm)
Paper exit system	Face down: 100 sheets (80 g/m ² , 0.11 μm)
Photoconductor	OPC drum (diameter 30 mm)
Charging system	Scorotron (positive charging)
Developing system	Mono component dry developing method
	Toner replenishing: Automatic from the toner container
	Transfer roller (negative-charged)
Separation system	
Fixing system	
Charge erasing system	
Cleaning system	Drum: Counter blade

Controller hardwareCPU: PowerPC405 (192 MHz) System ROM: 4 MB (on-board) Font ROM: Including System ROM Main RAM: 16 MB standard (on-board); expanding up to 272 MB (256 MB × 1) at the maximum by adding optional expansion memory Optional expansion RAM (DIMM): 1 slot 100-pin DIMM (64, 128 or 256 MB) USB: Full-Speed USB2.0 Controller software.....a) Emulation PCL6 (PCL5e/PCL-XL) b) Fonts: Bitmap font: 1 font Outline fonts: 14 fonts c) Graphic: (1) Raster graphic: 75, 100, 150, 200*, 300, 600* dpi (*200 dpi is supported when the resolution is 600 dpi.) (2) Vector graphic: Line, Box, Circle, Arc, Fill pattern etc. (3) Bar code: One dimensional bar code: 45 types Two dimensional bar code: 1 type (PDF-417) TEXT. RTXT etc. (5) Others: Macro, JOB, Device setting etc. d) Connectivity Plug &play (Parallel): Windows 9x/Me/2000/XP Plug & play (Full-Speed USB2.0): Windows 98SE/Me/2000/XP 600 dpi mode (600 × 600 dpi) Dimensions (H \times W \times D)245 \times 380 \times 390 mm/9.6" \times 15.0" \times 15.4" Normal operating: 319 W (220 - 240 V model), 292 W (120 V model) Ready: 7 W (220 - 240 V model), 6 W (120 V model) EcoPower: 4.5 W (220 - 240 V model), 4 W (120 V model) Noise......Printing: 49 dB(A), Ready: 28 dB(A) Options Expansion memory (64/128/256 MB 100-pin DIMM), memory card (Compact Flash)

18 ppm printer (FS-920)

Type	
	Paper cassette: Plain paper (60 to 105 g/m²)
Taper type	Recycled paper (60 to 105 g/m²)
	Thick paper (90 to 105 g/m²)
	Manual feed tray: Plain paper (60 to 163 g/m ²)
	Recycled paper (60 to 163 g/m²)
	Thick paper (60 to 163 g/m²)
Daniel	Special paper: Transparencies, labels, envelopes, postcards, tracing paper
Paper sizes	
	A4 (210 × 297 mm)
	B5 (182 × 257 mm) A5 (148 × 210 mm)
	Folio (210 × 330 mm)
	Letter (8 ¹ / ₂ " × 11")
	Legal (8½" × 14")
	Officio II (81/2" × 13")
	Non-standard size (148 \times 210 mm to 216 \times 356 mm)
	Manual feed tray
	A4 (210 × 297 mm)
	B5 (182 × 257 mm)
	A5 (148 × 210 mm)
	Folio (210 × 330 mm)
	Letter (81/2" × 11")
	Legal (81/2" × 14")
	Officio II (81/2" × 13")
Print speeds	Non-standard size (70 × 148 mm to 216 × 356 mm)
Till specus	Letter: 19 pages/minutes
First print time	11 seconds or less (ready), 21 seconds or less (sleep)
	16 seconds or less (power on), 12 seconds or less (sleep)
	One universal cassette and one manual feed tray
Paper loading capacity	Paper cassette: 250 sheets (80 g/m², 0.11 μm)
	Manual feed tray: 1 sheet (80 g/m ² , 0.11 μm)
Paper exit system	Face down: 100 sheets (80 g/m ² , 0.11 μm)
Photoconductor	OPC drum (diameter 30 mm)
Charging system	
Developing system	Mono component dry developing method
	Toner replenishing: Automatic from the toner container
	Transfer roller (negative-charged)
Separation system	
Fixing system	
Charge erasing system	
Cleaning system	Drum. Counter biade

Controller hardwareCPU: PowerPC405 (266 MHz) System ROM: 4 MB (on-board) Font ROM: Including System ROM Main RAM: 32 MB standard (on-board); expanding up to 288 MB (256 MB × 1) at the maximum by adding optional expansion memory Optional expansion RAM (DIMM): 1 slot 100-pin DIMM (64, 128 or 256 MB) USB: Full-Speed USB2.0 Controller software.....a) Emulation PCL6 (PCL5e/PCL-XL) KPDI 3 Line Printer Diablo 630 IBM Proprinter X24E Epson LQ850 b) Fonts: Bitmap font: 1 font Outline fonts: 80 fonts c) Graphic: (1) Raster graphic: 75, 100, 150, 200*, 300, 600* dpi (*200 dpi is supported when the resolution is 600 dpi.) (2) Vector graphic: Line, Box, Circle, Arc, Fill pattern etc. (3) Bar code: One dimensional bar code: 45 types Two dimensional bar code: 1 type (PDF-417) (4) Text: TEXT, RTXT etc. (5) Others: Macro, JOB, Device setting etc. d) Connectivity Plug &play (Parallel): Windows 9x/Me/2000/XP Plug & play (Full-Speed USB2.0): Windows 98SE/Me/2000/XP Resolution......Fast1200 mode (1800 \times 600 dpi) 600 dpi mode (600 × 600 dpi) Normal operating: 315 W (220 - 240 V model), 294 W (120 V model) Ready: 8 W (220 - 240 V model), 7 W (120 V model) EcoPower: 4.8 W (220 - 240 V model), 4.4 W (120 V model) Noise......Printing: 49 dB(A), Ready: 28 dB(A) Options Expansion memory (64/128/256 MB 100-pin DIMM), memory card (Compact Flash)

1-1-2 Parts names

(1) Printer

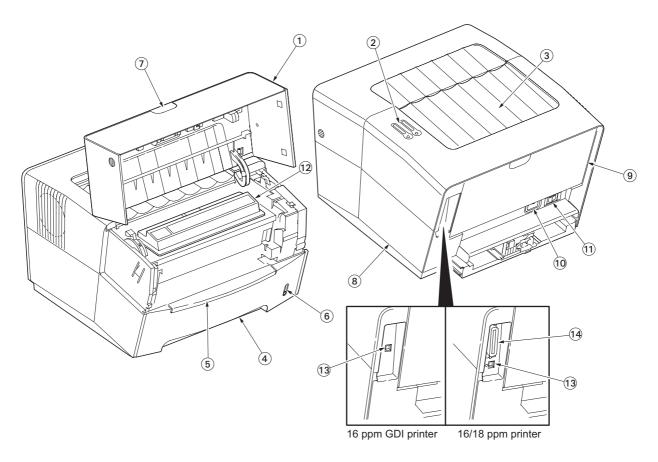


Figure 1-1-1

- 1. Top cover
- 2. Operation panel

- Output tray
 Paper cassette
 Manual feed tray
- 6. Paper gauge
- 7. Paper stopper

- Right side cover
- 9. Rear cover
- 10. AC inlet
- 11. Power switch
- 12. Toner container
- 13. USB interface connector
- 14. Parallel interface connector

(2) Operation panel

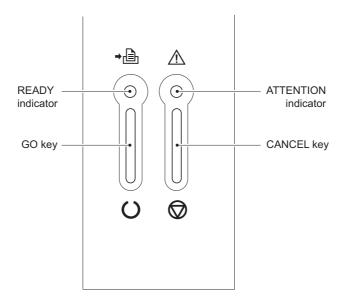


Figure 1-1-2

1-1-3 Cross section view

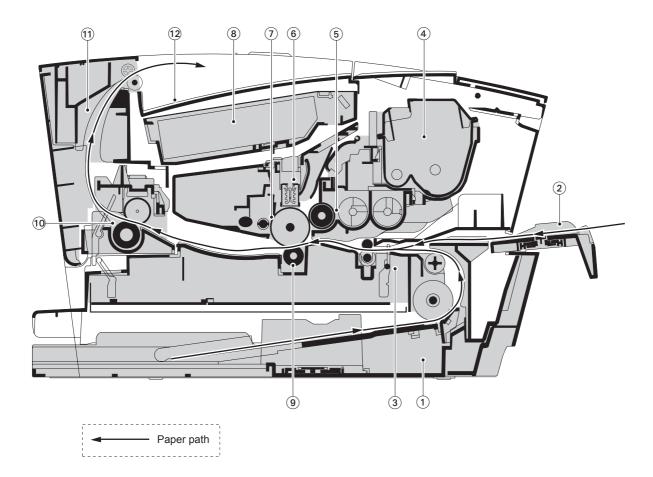


Figure 1-1-3

- 1. Paper cassette
- Manual feed tray
- Paper feeding/conveying section
- 4. Toner container
- 5. Developer unit
- 6. Main charger unit

- 7. Drum unit8. Laser scanner unit
- 9. Transfer section
- 10. Fuser unit
- 11. Paper exit section
- 12. Output tray

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1-2-1 Drum unit and developer unit

Note the following when handling or storing the drum (drum unit).

- When removing the drum (drum unit), never expose the drum surface to strong direct light.
- · Avoid abrupt changes in temperature and humidity.
- Avoid exposure to any substance which is harmful to or may affect the quality of the drum.
- Do not touch the drum surface with any object. Should it be touched by hands or stained with oil, clean it.

Developer unit and toner container

Store the developer unit and toner container in a cool, dark place.

Avoid direct light and high humidity.

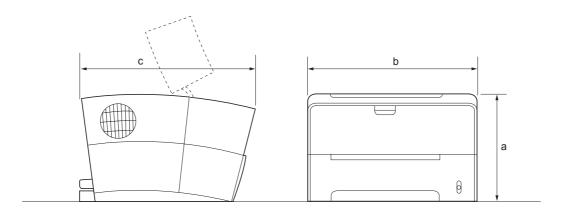
1-2-2 Installation environment

1. Temperature: 10 - 32.5 °C/50 - 90.5 °F

- 2. Humidity: 20 80%RH
- 3. Power supply: 120 V AC (U.S.A./Canada), 220 240 V AC (European countries)
- 4. Power source frequency: 50 Hz ±2%/60 Hz ±2%
- 5. Installation location
- Avoid direct sunlight or bright lighting. Ensure that the photo-conductor will not be exposed to direct sunlight or other strong light when removing paper jams.
- Avoid extremes of temperature and humidity, abrupt ambient temperature changes, and hot or cold air directed onto the machine.
- Avoid dust and vibration.
- · Choose a surface capable of supporting the weight of the machine.
- Place the machine on a level surface (maximum allowance inclination: 1°).
- Avoid air-borne substances that may adversely affect the machine or degrade the photo-conductor, such as mercury, acidic of alkaline vapors, inorganic gasses, NOx, SOx gases and chlorine-based organic solvents.
- Select a room with good ventilation.
- 6. Allow sufficient access for proper operation and maintenance of the machine.

Machine front: 50 cm/19.7" Machine rear: 20 cm/7.9" Machine right: 15 cm/5.9" Machine left: 15 cm/5.9"

Machine top: 30 cm/11.8"



a: 245 mm/9.6"

b: 380 mm/15.0"

c: 390 mm/15.4"

Figure 1-2-1 Installation dimensions

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1-3-1 Unpacking and installation

(1) Installation procedure

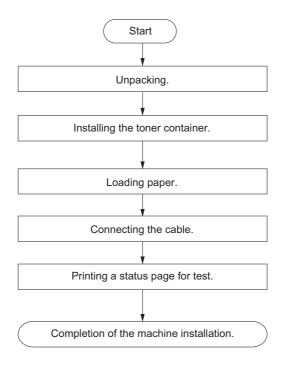


Figure 1-3-1

Unpacking.

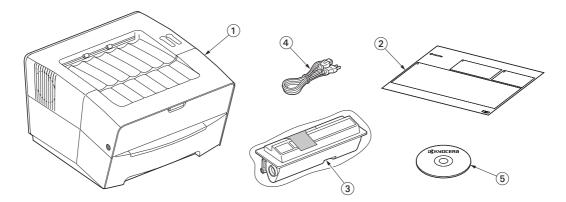


Figure 1-3-2 Unpacking

- 1. Printer
- Installation guide
 Toner container
 Power cord

- 5. CD-ROM

Installing the toner container.

- 1. Rotate the toner container 5 to 6 times and then shake the container horizontally to distribute the toner evenly.
- 2. Remove the label from the toner container.

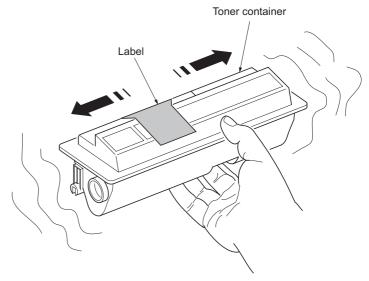


Figure 1-3-3

- 3. Turn the toner container release lever to the [UNLOCK] position.
- Install the toner container in the printer.
 Push firmly on the top of the container at the positions marked [PUSH HERE] until you hear a click.
- 5. Turn the toner container release lever to the [LOCK] position.
- 6. Close the top cover.

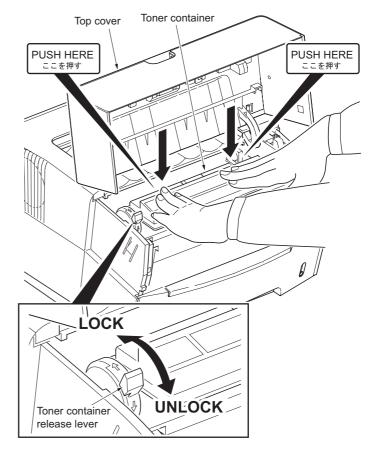


Figure 1-3-4

Loading paper.

1. Pull the paper cassette completely out of the printer.

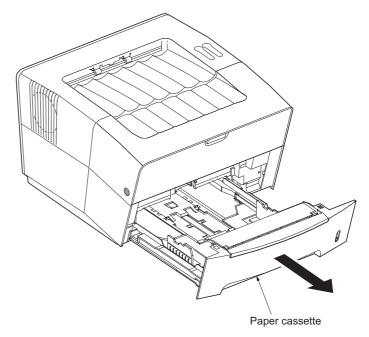


Figure 1-3-5

- 2. Push on the base plate until it click into position (flat).
- 3. Adjust the paper length guide and paper width guides to the paper size required.
- 4. Load the paper in the paper cassette.
- 5. Push the paper cassette back into the printer until it stops.

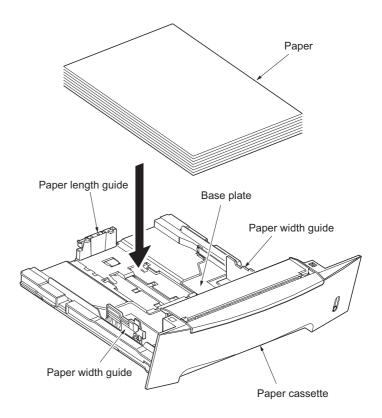


Figure 1-3-6

Connecting the cable.

- Connect the printer cable to the USB or parallel (16/18 ppm printers only) interface connector.
- 2. Connect the other end of the printer cable to the PC's interface connector.
- Connect the power cord to the printer AC inlet.
- 4. Connect the power cord to the wall outlet.

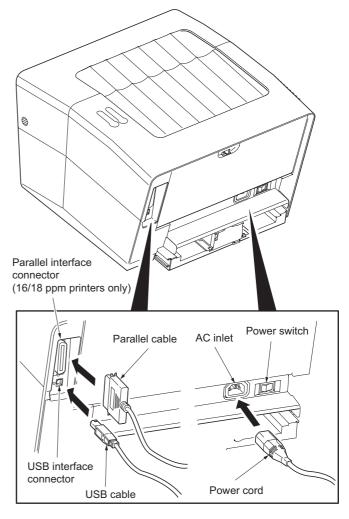


Figure 1-3-7

Printing a status page for test.

- 1. Turn on the printer power switch.
- 2. Press the GO key for 10 seconds or more. Test page (16 ppm GDI printer) or service status page (16/18 ppm printers) will be printed. See page 1-4-11 or 1-4-3.
- 3. Check to see if the test page or service status page is properly printed.

Completion of the machine installation.

1-3-2 Installing expansion memory (optional for 16/18 ppm printers)

<Procedure>

- 1. Turn off printer power.
- Caution: Do not insert or remove expansion memory while printer power is on.
 Doing so may cause damage to the printer and the expansion memory.
- 2. Open the top cover.
- 3. Remove the right side cover.
- 4. Open the stoppers of the memory socket on the main PWB.
- 5. Insert the memory so that the two notches of the memory are engaged with the projections of the memory socket.
- 6. Close the stoppers of the memory socket.
- 7. Refit the right side cover.
- 8. Print a status page to check the memory expansion. See page 1-4-3.
- * If memory expansion has been properly performed, information on the installed memory is printed with the total memory capacity has been increased. Standard memory capacity 16 MB (16 ppm printer), 32 MB (18 ppm printer).

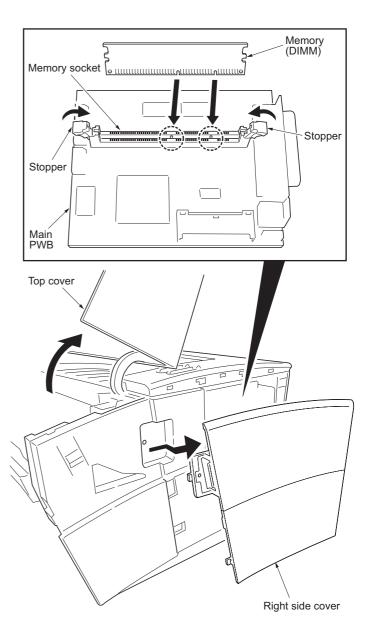


Figure 1-3-8

1-3-3 Installing a memory card (optional for 16/18 ppm printers)

<Procedure>

- 1. Turn off printer power.
- * Caution: Do not insert or remove memory card while printer power is on. Doing so may cause damage to the printer and the memory card.
- 2. Insert the memory card into the memory card socket on the main PWB.
- 3. Format the memory card before use. (Refer to the operation guide.)

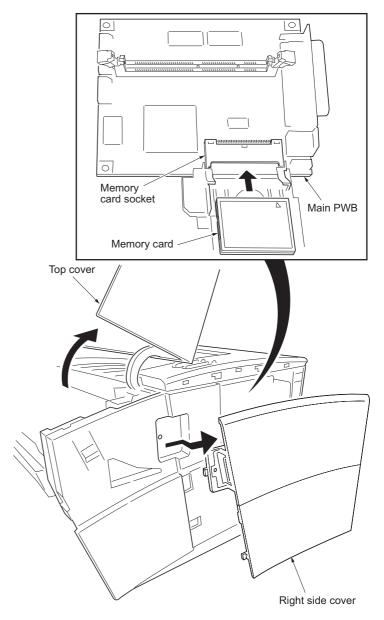


Figure 1-3-9

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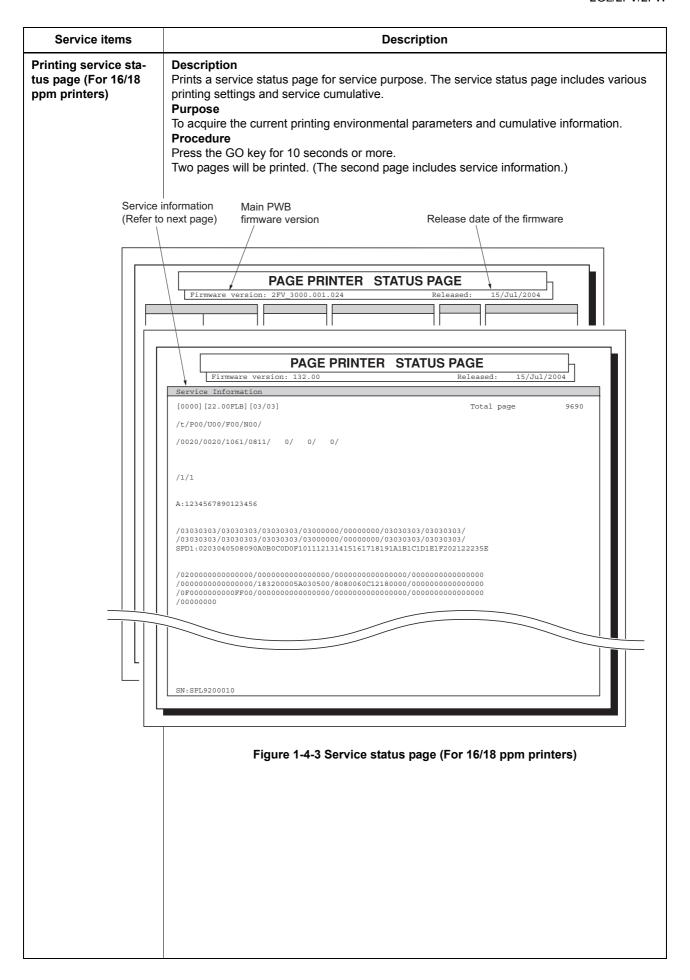
1-4-1 Service mode

The product incorporates several service modes which are activated by using the keys on the operation panel or by commanding from a PC.

(1) Executing service mode

Printing service status page (For 16 ppm GDI printer)	See page 1-4-2.
Printing service status page (For 16/18 ppm printers)	See page 1-4-3.
Printing event log (For 16/18 ppm printers)	See page 1-4-6.
Printing test page (For 16 ppm GDI printer)	See page 1-4-11.
Toner install mode	See page 1-4-11.

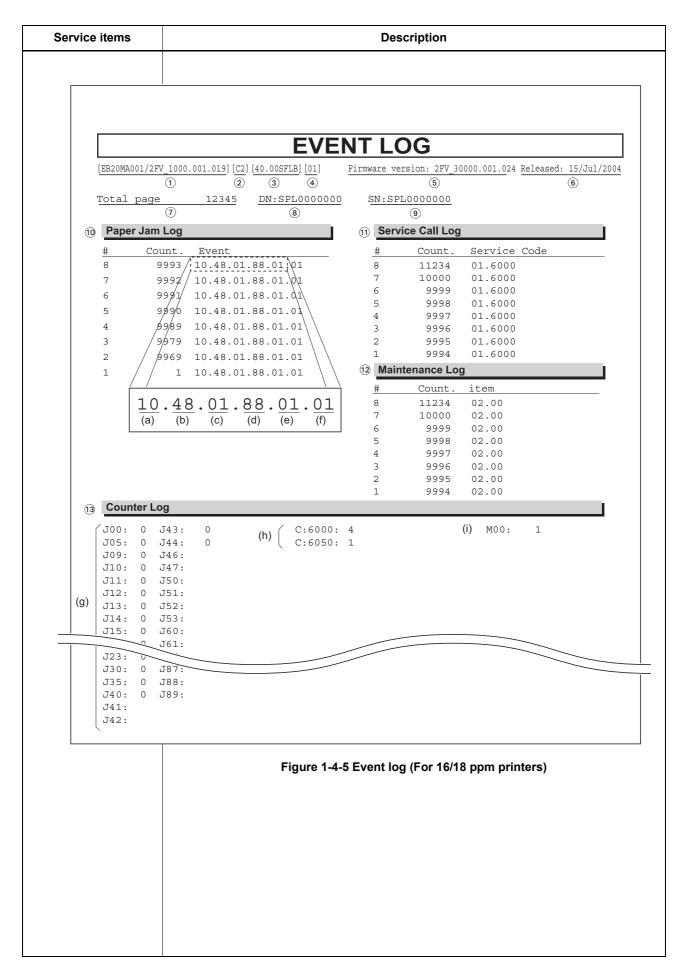
Service items Description Printing service sta-**Description** tus page (For 16 ppm Prints a status page for service purpose. **GDI** printer) The service status page bears the serial number, engine firmware version, controller firmware version and the total print count. Printing a service status page should be executed by running the dedicated 16 ppm GDI printer software run on a PC. **Purpose** To obtain printer information. **Procedure** 1. Load the CD-ROM (Kyocera FS-720 Library) supplied with the printer in the optical drive and proceed with software installation according to the instructions given. 2. Starting with Windows's Menu, browse to the Configuration Tool window following the [Start] ▶ [All Programs] ▶ [Kyocera] ▶ [FS-720 Printer] ▶ [Configuration Tool] **Configuration Tool** Configuration Printed pages: Buzzei ○ <u>0</u>n ⊙ Off Sleep timer 5<u>÷</u> Min. <u>D</u>etails. Print Status Page ОК Cancel <u>A</u>pply Help Figure 1-4-1 Configuration tool 3. Click [Print Status Page]. A service status page is printed. STATUS PAGE Serial Number SPL4700151 Engine Firmware Version 2FV_1000.001.013 Controller Firmware Version 2GL 3000.001.003 Printed Pages 2324 Figure 1-4-2 Service status page (For 16 ppm GDI printer)



		vice information			
	1 /t/P0 5 6] [22.00FLB] [03/03] 2 3 0/U00/F00/N00/ 0 7 8 9 /0020/1061/0811/ 0/ 10 11	0/	Total page 9	1690
	/ <u>1/1</u> (13) (14)				
	(15) A:123	4567890123456			
	19 /0200	0203040508090A0B0C0D03 00000000000000/000000000 0000000000	0000000/00000000000	00000/000000000000000000000000000000000	000
	/0F00 /0000	00000000FF00/0000000000000000000000000			
	/0F00 /0000	0000	0000000/0000000000000000000000000000000		
1	/0F00 /0000	0000 L9200010	0000000/0000000000000000000000000000000	0000/0000000000000000000000000000000000	
1 2	/0F00 /0000	0000 L9200010 Items	De	0000/0000000000000000000000000000000000	
	/0F00 /0000	Items OM information Information umper switch information mal) /second byte (displayed in	De [Flash ROM version]	escription Domestic (Japan) EM US de, 1: MICR mode	
2	/0F00 /0000 20 SN:SP Engine RO Boot ROM Software j (hexadecii [First byte.	Items DM information I information umper switch information mal) //second byte (displayed in e only)]	December December	escription Domestic (Japan) EM US de, 1: MICR mode	
3	Engine RO Boot ROM Software j (hexadecii [First byte. OEM mod	Items DM information I information umper switch information mal) /second byte (displayed in e only)]	December December	escription Domestic (Japan) EM US de, 1: MICR mode	
②③④	/ OF 00 / O 00 0 / O 00 0 0 / O 00 0 0 0 0 0	Items DM information I information umper switch information mal) /second byte (displayed in e only)]	December December	escription Domestic (Japan) EM US de, 1: MICR mode	

Items	ervice	e items		Description									
only when locked) O2: Full lock NVRAM error (displayed only when any error has occurred) O1: ID error O2: Version error O3: Checksum error O4: NVRAM crash error Printable area setting Top offset/Left offset/Page length/Page width Left offset for each paper source //Manual feed tray/Paper cassette/ (1/600 inches unit) Top offset for paper sources //Manual feed tray/ (1/600 inches unit) Operation panel message language PMSG command setting (decimal) Number of rebooting for vertical distortion check fixed asset number (maximum 16 characters) Media type attributes Media type (paper weight) setting value from 1 to 28 (unused media types are always 0x00.) Media type attributes Media type (density) setting value from 1 to 28 (unused media types are always 0x00.) Memory SPD information (slot 1) 2 to 6 byte, 8 to 36 byte, 94 to 95 byte (total 32 byte) Engine parameter Hexadecimal, 128 byte (256 digits) Machine serial number			ı	tems							Des	criptic	on
any error has occurred) 02: Version error 03: Checksum error 04: NVRAM crash error 14: NorRam crash error 15: A printable area setting 16: Printable area setting 17: A po offset/Left offset/Page length/Page width 18: A B C D E F G H II J	8							01: Partial lock					
1 Left offset for each paper source	9	NVRAM error (displayed only when							ion er cksum	error	ror		
(1/600 inches unit) (1/600 in	10	Printable a	rea se	etting			/Tc	p offs	et/Le	ft offset	t/Page	length	n/Page width
(1/600 inches unit) (3) Operation panel message language PMSG command setting (decimal) (4) Number of rebooting for vertical distortion check (5) fixed asset number (maximum 16 characters) (6) Media type attributes Media type (paper weight) setting value from 1 to 28 (unused media types are always 0x00.) (7) Media type attributes Media type (density) setting value from 1 to 28 (unused media types are always 0x00.) (8) Memory SPD information (slot 1) 2 to 6 byte, 8 to 36 byte, 94 to 95 byte (total 32 byte) (9) Engine parameter Hexadecimal, 128 byte (256 digits) (9) Machine serial number - NOTE: Code conversion A B C D E F G H I J	11)	Left offset f	or ead	ch pape	er soui	ce					per ca	ssette	I
Number of rebooting for vertical distortion check Signature Fig.	12	Top offset for paper sources											
tion check fixed asset number	13	Operation p	panel	messa	ge lan	guage	PN	1SG d	omma	and set	tting (d	lecima	l)
Media type attributes Media type (paper weight) setting value from 1 to 28 (unused media types are always 0x00.) Media type attributes Media type (density) setting value from 1 to 28 (unused media types are always 0x00.) Memory SPD information (slot 1) 2 to 6 byte, 8 to 36 byte, 94 to 95 byte (total 32 byte) Engine parameter Hexadecimal, 128 byte (256 digits) Machine serial number - NOTE: Code conversion A B C D E F G H I J	14	Number of rebooting for vertical distor-											
(unused media types are always 0x00.) Media type attributes Media type (density) setting value from 1 to 28 (unused media types are always 0x00.) Memory SPD information (slot 1) 2 to 6 byte, 8 to 36 byte, 94 to 95 byte (total 32 byte) Engine parameter Hexadecimal, 128 byte (256 digits) Machine serial number - NOTE: Code conversion A B C D E F G H I J	15	fixed asset	numb	er			(m	aximı	ım 16	charac	cters)		
(unused media types are always 0x00.) (B) Memory SPD information (slot 1) 2 to 6 byte, 8 to 36 byte, 94 to 95 byte (total 32 byte) (B) Engine parameter Hexadecimal, 128 byte (256 digits) (C) Machine serial number - NOTE: Code conversion A B C D E F G H I J	16	Media type	Media type attributes										
(9) Engine parameter Hexadecimal, 128 byte (256 digits) 20 Machine serial number - NOTE: Code conversion A B C D E F G H I J	17	Media type	attrib	utes									
20 Machine serial number - NOTE: Code conversion A B C D E F G H I J	18	Memory SF	PD info	ormatio	n (slo	t 1)	2 t	2 to 6 byte, 8 to 36 byte, 94 to 95 byte (total 32 byte)					
NOTE: Code conversion A B C D E F G H I J	19	Engine par	amete	er			He	Hexadecimal, 128 byte (256 digits)					
Code conversion A B C D E F G H I J	20	Machine se	erial n	umber			-						
A B C D E F G H I J		NOTE:					•						
			Code conversion										
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		A B C D F				Е	F	G	Н	I	J	7	
			0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9]

Service items	Description
Printing event log (For 16/18 ppm print- ers)	Description Prints a history list of occurences of paper jam, self-diagnostics, toner replacements, etc. Purpose Analyze the failure by determining the cause depending on the history of occurrence. Procedure 1. Connect the parallel cable between printer and PC.
	PC Parallel interface connector Parallel cable
	Figure 1-4-4
	2. Turn printer power on. Make sure the printer is ready.3. At the DOS prompt, send the following command to the printer:
	echo !R! ELOG;EXIT;>prn
	Event log will be printed.



occurrence. If the occurrence of the previous paper jam is less than 8, all of the paper jams are logged. When the occurrence execeeds 8, the oldest occurrence is removed. Occurrence is removed. Occurrence. If the count at the time of the paper jam. In the	Service items			Desci	ription	
Engine/high voltage PWB mask version						
version ② Operation panel PWB mask version ③ BROM version ⑤ Software jumper switch information (hexadecimal) [First byte/second byte (displayed in OEM mode only)] ⑤ Main PWB mask version ⑥ Main PWB mask version ⑥ Main PWB firmware release date ⑦ Total page counter ⑥ Drum serial number ⑥ Printer serial number ⑥ Paper Jam Log ## Remembers 1 to 8th of occurrence. If the occurrence if the previous paper jam is less than 8, all of the paper jams are logged. When the occurrence execeeds 8, the oldest occurrence is removed. Ø Count at the time of paper jam. (b) Position of paper jam (c) Paper soure (d) Paper size (e) Paper			Items		Description	
wersion BROM version Software jumper switch information (hexadecimal) [First byte/second byte (displayed in OEM mode only)] Main PWB mask version Main PWB firmware release date Total page counter Total page counter Printer serial number Paper Jam Log ### Remembers 1 to 8th of occurrence of the paper jams are logged. When the occurrence execeeds 8, the oldest occurrence is removed. We have a counter of paper jam (b) Position of paper jam (c) Paper sourc (d) Paper suize (e) Paper type (f) Paper exit. Refer to the nex page for the page fo	1		voltage PWB mask	[Engine mask version/Er	ngine software version]	
Software jumper switch information (hexadecimal) [First byte/second byte (displayed in OEM mode only)] Main PWB mask version Main PWB firmware release date Total page counter Printer serial number Printer serial number Paper Jam Log ## Remembers 1 to 8th of occurrence of the previous paper jam is less than 8, all of the paper jams are logged. When the occurrence execeeds 8, the oldest occurrence is removed. Software jumper switch information (hexadecimal) bit 0 = 1: (Fixed) bit 0 = 1: (Fixed) bit 1 = 0: (Voverseas, 1: Domestic (Japan) bit 2 = 0: (Not used) bit 4 = 0: Kyocera, 1: OEM bit 5 = 0: Non MICR mode, 1: MICR mode bit 7 (Not used) second byte: Displayed in OEM mode only Second byte: Displayed in OEM mode only ## Remembers 1 to 8th of occurrence of the previous paper jam is less than 8, all of the paper jams are logged. When the occurrence execeeds 8, the oldest occurrence is removed. All of the paper jam. Software jumper switch information bit 2 = 1: (Fixed) bit 1 = 0: (Voverseas, 1: Domestic (Japan) bit 2 = 0: (Voverseas, 1: OEM bit 4 = 0: Kyocera, 1: OEM bit 4 = 0	2		anel PWB mask	-		
mation (hexadecimal) [First byte/second byte (displayed in OEM mode only)] Signature	3	BROM versi	ion			
6 Main PWB firmware release date 7 Total page counter 8 Drum serial number 9 Printer serial number 10 Paper Jam Log # Remembers 1 to 8th of occurrence. If the occurrence of the previous paper jam is less than 8, all of the paper jams are logged. When the occurrence is removed. (a) Cause of a paper jam (b) Position of paper jam (c) Paper source (d) Paper size (e) Paper type (f) Paper exit Refer to the neipage for the	4	mation (hexadecimal [First byte/se	al) econd byte (dis-	bit 0 = 1: (Fixed) bit 1 = 0: Overseas, 1: I bit 2, 3 (Not used) bit 4 = 0: Kyocera, 1: O bit 5 = 0: For Europe, 1 bit 6 = 0: Non MICR mo bit 7 (Not used)	EM : For US ode, 1: MICR mode	
date Total page counter	5	Main PWB r	mask version			
B Drum serial number Printer serial number # Remembers 1 to 8th of occurrence. If the occurrence of the previous paper jam is less than 8, all of the paper jams are logged. When the occurrence execeeds 8, the oldest occurrence is removed. Beautiful Drum serial number # Remembers 1 to 8th of occurrence of the previous paper jam is less than 8, all of the paper jams are logged. When the occurrence execeeds 8, the oldest occurrence is removed. Bevent Log code (2 dight hexadecimal, 6 categories) (a) Cause of a paper jam (b) Position of paper jam (c) Paper source (d) Paper size (e) Paper type (f) Paper exit Refer to the nexadecimal page count at the time of the paper jam. (b) Position of paper jam (c) Paper source (d) Paper size (e) Paper type (f) Paper exit	6		ïrmware release			
Printer serial number # Remembers 1 to 8th of occurrence. If the occurrence of the previous paper jam is less than 8, all of the paper jams are logged. When the occurrence exceeds 8, the oldest occurrence is removed. Count. The total page count at the time of the paper jam. Log code (2 dighexadecimal, 6 categories)	7	Total page o	counter			
# Remembers 1 to 8th of occurrence. If the previous paper jam is less than 8, all of the paper jams are logged. When the occurrence execeeds 8, the oldest occurrence is removed. # Count. The total page count at the time of the paper jam. (a) Cause of a paper jam (b) Position of paper jam (c) Paper source (e) Paper type (f) Paper exit	8	Drum serial	number			
Remembers 1 to 8th of occurrence. If the previous paper jam is less than 8, all of the paper jams are logged. When the occurrence execeeds 8, the oldest occurrence is removed. Remembers 1 to 8th of occurrence the previous paper jam is less than 8, all of the paper jams are logged. When the occurrence execeeds 8, the oldest occurrence is removed. Refer to the negage for the count at the time of the paper jam. (a) Cause of a paper jam (b) Position of paper jam (c) Paper source (d) Paper exit	9	Printer seria	ıl number			
code.	10	Paper Jam I	Log	Remembers 1 to 8th of occurrence. If the occurrence of the previous paper jam is less than 8, all of the paper jams are logged. When the occurrence execeeds 8, the oldest	The total page count at the time of	Log code (2 digit, hexadecimal, 6 categories) (a) Cause of a paper jam (b) Position of paper jam (c) Paper source (d) Paper size (e) Paper type (f) Paper exit Refer to the next page for the details of each log

Service items		Description			
	Items	Description			
10		(a) Cause of paper jam			
cont.		 10: Paper does not arrive at the registration sensor. [42] 10: Paper does not arrive at the registration sensor. [43] 11: Paper does not pass the registration sensor. [48] 12: Paper remains at the registration sensor when power is turned on. [48] 20: Paper does not arrive at the exit sensor. [48] 21: Paper does not pass the exit sensor. [47] 22: Paper remains at the exit sensor when power is turned on. [47] E0: Paper misfeed occurs due to forced stop when an error occurs during printing. (such as opening of the top cover) F0 to FF: Paper misfeed by another cause. 			
		Values within [] indicate paper misfeed locations. (hexadecimal)			
		(b) Detail of jam location			
		Exit sensor Registration sensor			
		(c) Detail of paper source (Hexadecimal)			
		00: Manual feed tray 01: Paper cassette 02 to 07, 09: Not used			
		(d) Detail of paper size (Hexadecimal)			
		01: Monarch 0C: Ledger 23: Special 2 02: Business 0D: A5 24: A3 wide 03: International DL 0E: A6 25: Ledger wide 04: International C5 0F: B6 26: Full bleed 05: Executive 10: Commercial 9 paper (12 × 18) 06: Letter-R 11: Commercial 6 27: 8K 86: Letter-E 12: ISO B5 28: 16K-R 07: Legal 13: Custom A8: 16K-E 08: A4R 1E: International 32: Statement-R 88: A4E C4 B2: Statement-E 09: B5R 1F: JIS hagaki 33: Folil 89: B5E 20: JIS oufuku 34: Youkei 2 0A: A3 21: Officio2 35: Youkei 4 0B: B4 22: Special 1			

Serv	ice items	De	escription	
	Items		Description	
cont.		(e) Detail of paper type (House of the Control of t	exadecimal) 0A: Color 0B: Prepunched 0C: Envelope 0D: Cardstock 0E: Coated 0F: 2nd side 10: Media 16 11: High quality	15: Custom 1 16: Custom 2 17: Custom 3 18: Custom 4 19: Custom 5 1A: Custom 6 1B: Custom 7 1C: Custom 8
		(f) Detail of paper exit loca 01: Output tray	tion 02 to 48: Not used	
11)	Service Call Log (Self diagnostic error)	# Remembers 1 to 8 of occurrence of self	Count. The total page count at the time of the self diag-	Self diagnostic error code See page 1-5-3.
		diagnostics error. If the occurrence of the previous diagnostics error is less than 8, all of the diagnostics errors are logged.	nostics error.	
12	Maintenance Log	# Remembers 1 to 8 of occurrence of replacement. If the occurrence of the previous replacement of toner container is less than 8, all of the occurrences of replacement are logged.	Count. The total page count at the time of the replacement of the toner container. This is virtually logged as the occurrence of the Toner Empty condition since the replacement of the toner container is not precisely detectable.	Item Code of maintenance replacing item (1 byte, 2 category) 01: Toner container
13	Counter Log Comprised of three log counters including paper jams, self diagnostics errors, and replacement of the toner container.	Indicates the log counter of paper jams depending on location. Refer to @ Paper Jam Log. All instances including those are not occurred are displayed.	(h) Self diagnostic error Indicates the log counter of self diagnostics errors depending on cause. See page 1-5-3. Example: C6000: 4 Self diagnostics error 6000 has happened four times.	(i) Toner container replacing Indicates the log counter depending on the maintenance item for maintenance. T: Toner container 00: Black Example: T00: 1 The (black) toner container has been replaced once.

Service items	Description
Printing test page (For 16 ppm GDI printer)	Description Prints a test page for service purpose. A page showing a grid image is printed. Purpose Performs check on operation and printing image. Procedure Press the GO key for 10 seconds or more. Test page will be printed.
	Figure 1-4-6 Test page (For 16 ppm GDI printer)
Toner install mode	Rotates the drum approximately 15 minutes with toner lightly applied onto the drum using the high-voltage output control of the engine/high voltage PWB. The cleaning blade in the drum unit scrapes toner off the drum surface to clean it. Purpose To clean the drum surface when an image failure occurs due to contamination. This mode is useful after the dew condensation on the drum occurs. Procedure Toner installing mode is performed by simultaneously pressing and holding the GO and CANCEL keys for more than 5 seconds. To abort toner installing mode, turn power on while pressing and holding the GO and CANCEL keys.

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1-5-1 Paper misfeed detection

(1) Paper misfeed indication

When a paper misfeed occurs, the printer immediately stops printing and flash the ATTENTION indicator. To remove paper misfeed in the printer, pull out the paper cassette or open the rear cover.

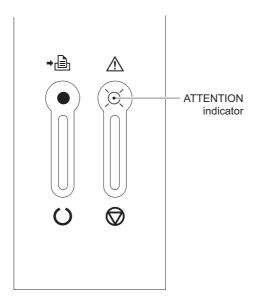


Figure 1-5-1 Paper misfeed indication

(2) Paper misfeed detection

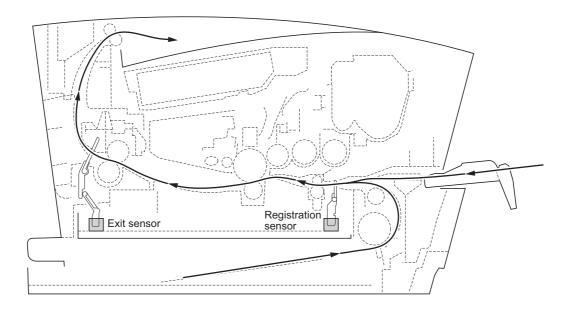


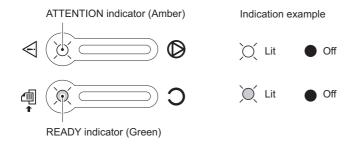
Figure 1-5-2 Paper misfeed detection

1-5-2 Self-diagnosis

(1) Self-diagnostic function

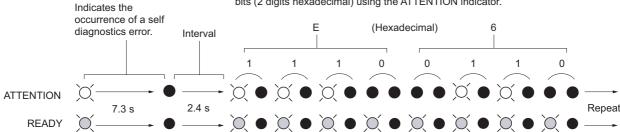
When a self diagnostics error occurs, the printer halts and displays the appropriate error code using a combination of the READY and ATTENTION indicators.

LED indicator



Example: self-diagnostic code: E6 (F050)

The ATTENTION indicator means 1 when it flashes in synchronization with the READY indicator which flashes at the interval of 1.2 second; and it means 0 when it turns off: This is repeated 8 times. Two digit self diagnostics codes are indicated in 8 bits (2 digits hexadecimal) using the ATTENTION indicator.



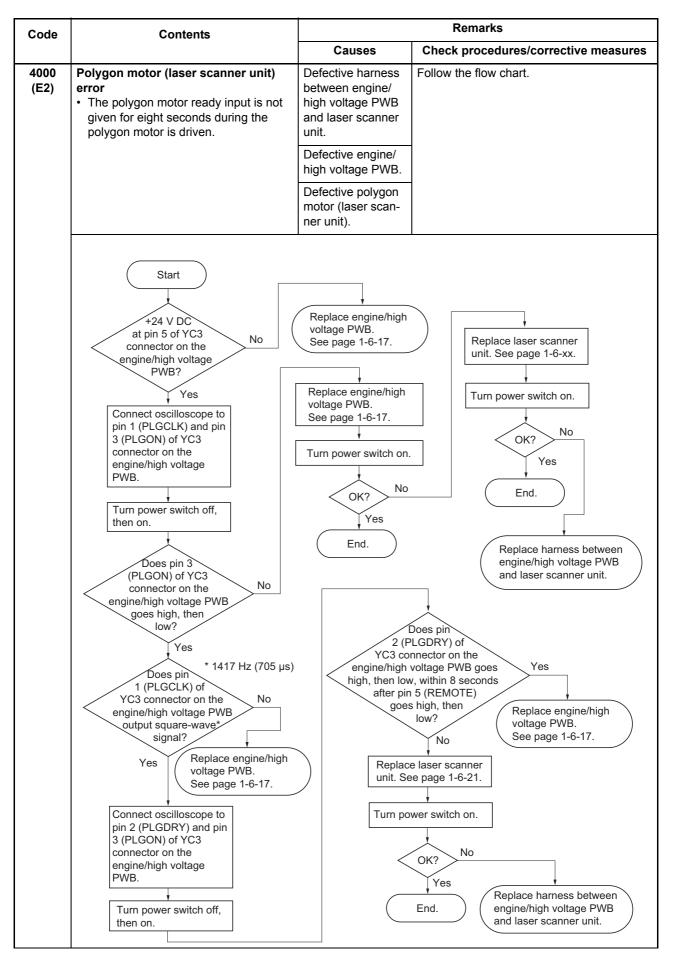
Self-diagnostic code conversion table

Self-diagno	Self-diagnostic code				ENTIO					
4 digits	2 digits			AH	ENTIO	N indic	ator			Remark
6400	A0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
7980	D9	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	
7990	DA	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	
F040	E0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
2000	E1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	
4000	E2	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	
4200	E3	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	
6000 6010 6050	E4	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	
F050	E6	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	
F010	F1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	16/18 ppm printers only
F020	F2	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	
F030	F3	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	

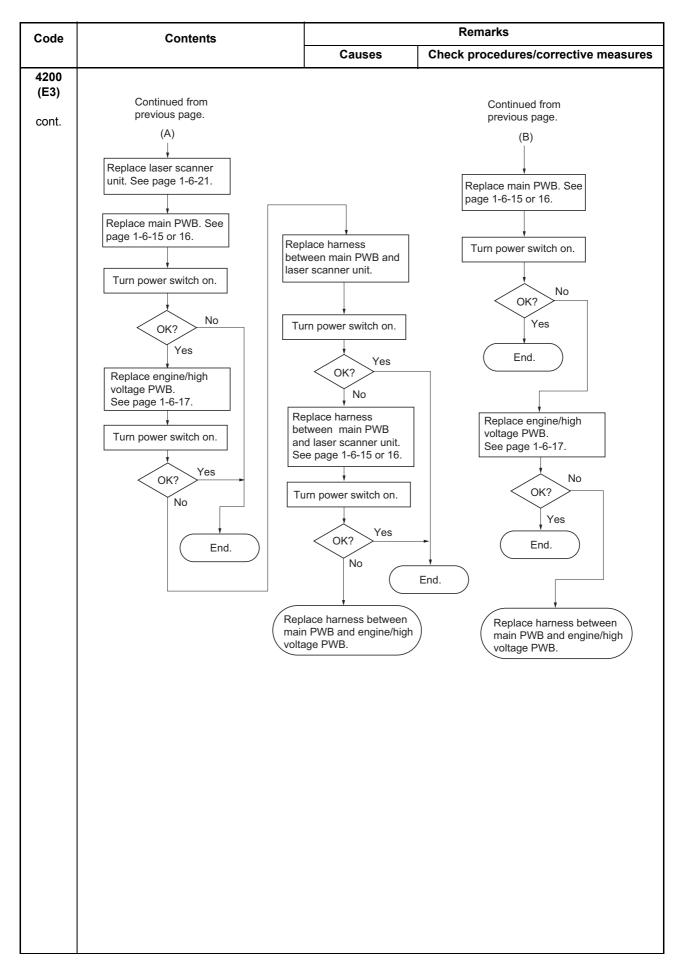
Figure 1-5-3 Self-diagnostic code indication

(2) Self diagnostic codes

Code	Contents		Remarks
		Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
2000 (E1)	Main motor error The main motor ready input is not given for two seconds during the main motor is driven.	Defective harness between engine/ high voltage PWB and main motor.	Follow the flow chart.
		Defective main motor.	
		Defective engine/ high voltage PWB.	
		Defective drive unit.	
	Reinsert the connector of harness between engine/high voltage PWB and main motor. No OK? Yes Connect circuit tester to pin 1 of CN1 connector on the main motor. No at pin 1 of CN1 connector on the main motor? Yes Replace harness between engine/high voltage PWB and main motor.	Connect circuit tester to pin 5 (REMOTE) of YC connector on the engine/high voltage PWB. Turn printer power off, then on. Print status page. Does pin 5 (REMOTE) of YC5 connector on the engine/high voltage PWB goes high, then low? No Replace engine/high voltage PWB. See part-6-17.	Connect oscilloscope to pin 5 (REMOTE) and pin 3 (MMOTRDY) of CN1 connector on the main motor. Turn printer power off, then on. Print status page. Print status page. Ones pin 3 (MMOTRDY) of CN1 connector on the main motor goes high, then low, within 2 seconds from pin 5 (REMOTE) goes low?



Code	Contents		Remarks
	33.113.112	Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
4200 (E3)	PD (Pin photo diode) sensor (laser scanner unit) error	Defective main PWB.	Follow the flow chart.
	 The first BD input is not given for 10 seconds after power is turned on and the laser begins emitting. The first BD input is not given for 7 seconds during printing and after the laser begins emitting. 	Defective harness between main PWB and engine/ high voltage PWB.	
	Connect oscilloscope to pin 3 (OUTPEN) of YC4*1/YC6*2 connector on the main PWB. Turn power switch off, then on. Does pin 3 (OUTPEN) of YC4*1/YC6*2 connector on the main PWB goes high, then before "4200" error? Yes Connect oscilloscope to pin 3 (OUTPEN) and pin 7 () of YC4*1/YC6*2 connector on the main PWB. Turn power switch off, then on.	Replace main PWB. See page 1-6-15 or 16 Replace main PWB. See page 1-6-15 or 16 Turn power switch of Yes End. Does pin 7 (PDN) of YC4*1/YC6*2 conneon the main PWB output signal*3, within 0.1 secupin 3 (OUTPEN) ghigh, then low? etect signal	Replace engine/high voltage PWB. See page 1-6-17. Turn power switch on. No No No No No No No No No N



Code	Contents		Remarks
		Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
6000 (E4)	Broken heater lamp error The temperature won't rise by 1 degree Celsius during warming up and	Defective fuser thermistor. Broken thermal	Follow the flow chart.
	 the heater is turned on for 5 seconds. The temperature won't rise by 1 degree Celsius during printing and the 	cutout or heater lamp.	
	heater is turned on for 5 seconds with the duty cycle more than 60%.	Defective engine/ high voltage PWB.	
	Turn power and remove	esistance ins 1 and 2 of ed connector. Open Yes inite)?	place the fuser mistor.
	on the pow PWB. Measure re between pi the detache	esistance ns 1 and 2 of ed connector. Yes inite)? No Re cu se engine/high B.	eplace the thermal tout or heater lamp. ee page 1-6-11.

Code	Contents	Remarks			
		Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures		
6010 (E4)	Fuser low temperature • After the fuser heater lamp is turned	Defective the fuser thermistor.	Follow the flow chart.		
	on, the temperature at the upper fuser roller lower than 100 °C/212 °F continues for 30 s.	Defective the engine/high voltage PWB.			
	Check the installation condition of the fuser thermistor. See page 1-6-11. Replace the engine/high voltage PWB. See page 1-6-17.	Remedy or replace fuser thermistor. Turn power switt then on. "6010" erroshown? No End.	ch off,		

Code	Contents	Remarks				
	- Contonio	Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures			
6050 (E4)	Broken fuser thermistor • The thermistor AD value is less than 1	Defective the fuser thermistor.	Follow the flow chart.			
	for 3 s.	Defective the engine/high voltage PWB.				
	Turn power switch off, and remove power cord. Detach YC7 connector on the engine/high voltage PWB. Measure resistance between pins 1 and 2 of the detached connector. Open Yes (infinite)? No Replace engine/high voltage PWB. See page 1-6-17.					
6400 (A0)	Zero cross signal error • While fuser heater ON/OFF control is performed, the zero-cross signal is not input within 3 s.	Defective the power source PWB. Defective the engine/high voltage PWB.	Follow the flow chart.			
	Replace the p source PWB. See page 1-6	Power -17. Power -17. Re vol Se	eplace the engine/high Itage PWB. se page 1-6-17.			

(D9) than 100,00 • The toner the waste	er full (Total page count less 00 pages of printing) r-full sensor has detected that e toner is full before the total e of less than 100,000 pages.	Causes Defective drum unit. Defective waste toner full sensor.	Check procedures/corrective measures Follow the flow chart.
(D9) than 100,00 • The toner the waste	00 pages of printing) r-full sensor has detected that e toner is full before the total	unit. Defective waste	Follow the flow chart.
the waste	e toner is full before the total		
	p-g		
		Defective engine/ high voltage PWB.	
	Turn power then on. Ten power then on. Replace the way and the second of the second	high voltage PWB. art drum unit r switch off, "error No own? Yes drum unit. -6-6. r switch off, "error No own? Yes vaste toner full ine/high voltage	End.

Code	Contents		Remarks
		Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
7990 (DA)	Waste toner full (Total page count more than 100,000 pages of printing)	Defective drum unit.	Follow the flow chart.
		Defective waste toner full sensor.	
	pages.	Defective engine/ high voltage PWB.	
	Replace the See page 1. Turn power then on. "7990 sho	remunit switch off, remore Nown? Yes drum unit. -6-6. reswitch off, remore Nown? Yes toner full ne/high voltage	End.

Code	Contents		Remarks
		Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
F010 (F1)	ppm printers only)	Defective code ROM (on-board).	Replace the main PWB. See page 1-6-16.
	Checksum for the code ROM that holds the system program is wrong.	Defective PWB.	Replace the main PWB. See page 1-6-16.
F020 (F2)		Defective main PWB.	Replace the main PWB. See page 1-6-15 or 1-6-16.
		Defective expansion memory (DIMM). (16/18 ppm printers only)	Replace the expansion memory (DIMM). See page 1-3-6.
F030 (F3)	Main PWB system error The error pertaining to the system occurred except the F0 (F010) condition.	Defective main PWB.	Replace the main PWB. See page 1-6-15 or 1-6-16.
F040 (E0)	Main - Engine communication error • The communication breakdown occurred between the main PWB and the engine/high voltage PWB during the predetermined period in seconds.	Defective engine/ high voltage PWB.	Replace the engine/high voltage PWB. See page 1-6-17.
		Defective main PWB.	Replace the main PWB. See page 1-6-15 or 1-6-16.
F050 (E6)	Engine checksum error Checksum result failed with the CPU and engine/high voltage PWB.	Defective engine/ high voltage PWB.	Replace the engine/high voltage PWB. See page 1-6-17.

1-5-3 Electric problems

Problem	Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
(1) The machine does	No electricity at the power outlet.	Measure the input voltage.
not operate when the power switch is turned on.	The power cord is not plugged in properly.	Check the contact between the power plug and the outlet.
	The top cover is not closed completely.	Check the top cover.
	Broken power cord.	Check for continuity. If none, replace the cord.
	Defective power switch.	Check for continuity across the contacts. If none, replace the power source PWB. See page 1-6-17.
	Blown fuse in the power source PWB.	Check for continuity. If none, remove the cause of blowing and replace the fuse.
	Defective interlock switch.	Check for continuity across the contacts of interlock switch. If none, replace the engine/high voltage PWB. See page 1-6-17.
	Defective power source PWB or engine/high voltage PWB.	With AC present, check for 5 V DC at YC4-11, YC7-2, YC10-1, YC6-1, and 24 V DC at YCYC3-5, YC3-6, YC5-1 YC9-1 on the engine/high voltage PWB. If none, replace the power source PWB or engine/high voltage PWB. See page 1-6-17.
(2) The main motor does	Poor contact in the main motor connector terminals.	Reinsert the connector. Also check for continuity within the connector harness. If none, remedy or replace the harness.
not operate (Self diagnostic code	Broken main motor gear.	Check visually and replace the main motor if necessary.
2000).	Defective main motor.	Replace the main motor. See page 1-6-24.
	Defective engine/high voltage PWB.	Replace the engine/high voltage PWB. See page 1-6-17.
(3) The cooling fan	Broken cooling fan motor coil.	Check for continuity across the coil. If none, replace the cooling fan motor.
motor does not operate.	Poor contact in cooling fan motor connector terminals.	Reinsert the connector.
(4) The registration	Broken registration clutch coil.	Check for continuity across the coil. If none, replace the registration clutch.
clutch does not operate.	Poor contact in the registration clutch connector terminals.	Reinsert the connector.
	Defective harness between connect PWB and engine/ high voltage PWB.	Check for continuity across the harness. If none, replace the charness.
	Defective engine/high voltage PWB.	Replace the engine/high voltage PWB. See page 1-6-17.
	Defective connect PWB.	Replace the connect PWB.

Problem	Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
(5) The feed clutch does	Broken feed clutch coil.	Check for continuity across the coil. If none, replace the feed clutch.
not operate.	Poor contact in the feed clutch connector terminals.	Reinsert the connector.
	Defective harness between connect PWB and engine/high voltage PWB.	Check for continuity across the harness. If none, replace the charness.
	Defective engine/high voltage PWB.	Replace the engine/high voltage PWB. See page 1-6-17.
	Defective connect PWB.	Replace the connect PWB.
(6) The eraser lamp (PWB) does not turn	Poor contact in the eraser lamp (PWB) connector terminals.	Reinsert the connector.
on.	Defective eraser lamp (PWB).	Check for continuity. If none, replace the eraser lamp (PWB). See page 1-6-22.
	Defective engine/high voltage PWB.	If the eraser lamp (PWB) turns on when YC8-2 on the engine/high voltage PWB is held low, replace the engine/high voltage PWB. See page 1-6-17.
(6) The heater lamp	Broken wire in heater lamp.	Check for continuity across each heater lamp. If none, replace the heater lamp. See page 1-6-11.
does not turn on.	Thermal cutout triggered.	Check for continuity across thermal cutout. If none, remove the cause and replace the thermal cutout. See page 1-6-11.
(7) The heater lamp does not turn off.	Broken fuser thermistor.	Measure the resistance. If it is $\infty\Omega$, replace the fuser thermistor. See page 1-6-11.
does not turn on.	Dirty sensor part of the fuser thermistor.	Check visually and clean the fuser thermistor sensor parts. See page 1-6-11.
(8) No main charging.	Poor insertion main charger unit.	See page 1-5-18.
	Broken main charger wire.	
	Poor contact of main charger terminal and high voltage output terminal on the engine/high voltage PWB.	
	Defective engine/high voltage PWB.	
(9) No developing bias is	Poor insertion developer unit.	See page 1-6-6, 1-6-17, 1-5-18.
output.	Poor contact of developing bias terminal spring and high voltage output terminal (TAB1) on the engine/high voltage PWB.	
	Defective engine/high voltage PWB.	

Problem	Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
(10) No transfer bias is output.	Poor contact of transfer bias terminal and transfer bias terminal (J1, J2, J3) on the engine/high voltage PWB.	See page 1-5-18, 1-6-17.
	Defective engine/high voltage PWB.	
(11) The message requesting paper to be loaded is shown when paper is present in the paper cassette.	Defective paper sensor on the engine/high voltage PWB.	Replace the engine/high voltage PWB. See page 1-6-17.
(12) A paper jam in the paper feeding/conveying section or	A piece of paper torn from paper is caught around registration sensor or exit sensor.	Check and remove if any.
fuser section is indi- cated when the power switch is turned on.	Defective registration sensor on the engine/high voltage PWB.	Replace the engine/high voltage PWB. See page 1-6-17.
	Defective exit sensor on the power source PWB.	Replace the power source PWB. See page 1-6-17.
(13) The indicator requesting cover to be closed is displayed when the top cover is closed.	Defective interlock switch on the engine/high voltage PWB.	Check for continuity across the interlock switch. If there is no continuity when the interlock switch is on, replace the engine/high voltage PWB. See page 1-6-17.

1-5-4 Image formation problems

- (1) Completely blank printout.
- (2) All-black printout.
- (3) Dropouts.
- (4) Black dots.
- (5) Black horizontal streaks.













See page 1-5-18.

See page 1-5-18.

See page 1-5-19.

See page 1-5-19.

See page 1-5-20.

(6) Black vertical streaks.

(7) Unsharpness.

(8) Gray background.

(9) Dirt on the top edge or back of the paper.

(10) Undulated printing at the right edge (scanning start position).

ABC 123









See page 1-5-20.

See page 1-5-21.

See page 1-5-21.

See page 1-5-22.

See page 1-5-22.

(1) Completely blank printout.

Causes

- 1. Defective drum unit or developer unit.
- 2. Defective transfer bias potential.
- 3. Defective laser scanner unit.
- 4. Defective main PWB.

Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
Defective drum unit or developer unit.	Open the printer top cover and check that the drum unit and developer unit is correctly seated. Check for poor contact of the main charger terminal between the main charger unit and the drum unit.
2. Defective transfer bias potential.	Check the transfer bias output on the engine/high voltage PWB. This requires removal of the left cover and the test equipment. Replace the engine/high voltage PWB if high voltage potential is not available on the PWB. See page 1-6-17.
3. Defective laser scanner unit.	The scanner components within the scanner may be disordered. Replace the laser scanner unit. See page 1-6-20.
4. Defective main PWB.	Defective laser scanner unit control circuit in the main PWB. See page 1-6-15 or 1-6-16.

(2) No image appears (entirely black).



- 1. Defective main charger unit.
- 2. Defective main charger high voltage output.
- 3. Defective engine/high voltage PWB.
- 4. Defective main PWB.



Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
Defective main charger unit.	Open the printer top cover and check that the drum unit is correctly seated. Check for poor contact of the main charger terminal between the main charger unit and the drum unit.
Defective main charger high voltage output.	Make sure the main charger high voltage output from the engine/high voltage PWB correctly arrives at the drum unit (main charger unit).
3. Defective engine/high voltage PWB.	Check the high voltage output on the engine/high voltage PWB. Replace the engine/high voltage PWB if high voltage potential is not available on the PWB. See page 1-6-17.
4. Defective main PWB.	Replace the main PWB. See page 1-6-15, 1-6-16.

(3) Dropouts.

ABC 123

Causes

- 1. Defective developing roller (in the developer unit).
- 2. Defective drum unit.
- 3. Defective fuser unit.
- 4. Defective paper specifications.
- 5. Defective transfer roller installation.
- 6. Defective engine/high voltage PWB (transfer bias potential).

Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
Defective developing roller (in the developer unit).	If the defects occur at regular intervals of 47.2 mm, the problem may be the damaged developing roller (in the developer unit). Replace the developer unit. See page 1-6-6.
2. Defective drum unit.	If the defects occur at regular intervals of 94 mm, the problem may be the damaged drum (in the drum unit). Replace the drum unit. See page 1-6-7.
3. Defective fuser unit.	If the defects occur at regular intervals of 63 mm (heat roller or press roller), the problem may be the damaged fuser unit. Replace the press roller or heat roller. See page 1-6-11.
Defective paper specifications.	Paper with rugged surface or dump tends to cause dropouts. Replace paper with the one that satisfies the paper specifications.
5. Defective transfer roller installation.	The transfer roller must be supported by the bushes at the both ends. Clean the bush to remove oil and debris. Replace the transfer roller if necessary. See page 1-6-11.
Defective engine/high voltage PWB (transfer bias potential).	Check the transfer bias output on the engine/high voltage PWB. This requires removal of the left cover and the test equipment. Replace the engine/high voltage PWB if high voltage potential is not available on the PWB. See page 1-6-17.

(4) Black dots.

Causes

1. Defective drum unit.



Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
Defective drum unit.	If the defects occur at regular intervals of 94 mm, the problem may be the damaged drum (in the drum unit). Replace drum unit. See page 1-6-7. If the defects occur at random intervals, the toner may be leaking from the developer unit and drum unit. Replace developer unit and drum unit. See page 1-6-6, 1-6-7.

(5) Black horizontal streaks.

Causes

- 1. Defective drum unit's ground.
- 2. Defective drum unit



Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
Defective drum unit's ground.	The drum axle in the drum unit and its counter part, the grounding tab in the printer, must be in a good contact. If necessary, apply a small amount of electro-conductive grease onto the tab.
2. Defective drum unit.	Replace the drum unit. See page 1-6-7.

(6) Black vertical streaks.

Causes

- 1. Contaminated main charger wire.
- 2. Defective drum surface.
- 3. Defective magnet roller (in the developer unit).

AB	C
123	

Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
Contaminated main charger wire.	Clean the main charger wire by sliding the green colored cleaning knob in and out several times.
2. Defective drum surface.	A streak of toner remaining on drum after printing means that the cleaning blade (in the drum unit) is not working properly. Replace the drum unit. See page 1-6-7.
Defective magnet roller (in the developer unit).	Replace the developer. See page 1-6-6.

(7) Unsharpness.

ABC 123

Causes

- 1. Defective paper specifications.
- 2. Defective transfer roller installation.
- 3. Defective transfer bias potential.
- 4. EcoPrint setting.

Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
Defective paper specifications.	Paper with rugged surface or dump tends to cause unsharp printing. Replace paper with the one that satisfies the paper specifications.
2. Defective transfer roller installation.	The transfer roller must be supported by the bushes at the both ends. Clean the bush to remove oil and debris. Replace the transfer roller if necessary. See page 1-6-5.
3. Defective transfer bias potential.	Check the transfer bias output on the engine/high voltage PWB. This requires removal of the left cover and the test equipment. Replace the engine/high voltage PWB if high voltage potential is not available on the PWB. See page 1-6-17.
4. EcoPrint setting.	The EcoPrint mode can provides faint, unsharp printing because it acts to conserve toner for draft printing purpose. For normal printing, turn the EcoPrint mode off by using the operator panel. For details refer to the operation guide.

(8) Gray background.

ABC 123

Causes

- 1. Print density setting.
- 2. Defective drum surface potential.
- 3. Defective main charger grid.
- 4. Developing roller (in the developer unit).

Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
Print density setting.	The print density may be set too high. Try adjusting the print density. For details refer to the printer's operation guide.
2. Defective drum surface potential.	The drum surface potential should be approximately 470±15 V. This may vary depending on production lots. Measurement is possible only by using the jig and tool specifically designed for this purpose. The drum unit will have to be replaced if it bears values far out of the allowable range.
3. Defective main charger grid.	Clean the main charger grid.
Defective developing roller (in the developer unit).	If a developer unit which is known to work normally is available for check, replace the current developer unit in the printer with the normal one. If the symptom disappears, replace the developer unit with a new one. See page 1-6-6.

(9) Dirt on the top edge or back of the paper.

Causes

- 1. Toner contamination in various parts.
- 2. Defective transfer roller.

ABC 123

Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
Toner contamination in various parts.	Dirty edges and back of the paper can be caused by toner accumulated on such parts as the paper chute, paper transportation paths, the bottom of the drum and developer, and the fuser unit inlet. Clean these areas and parts to remove toner.
Defective transfer roller.	If the transfer roller is contaminated with toner, clean the transfer roller using a vacuum cleaner or by continuously printing a low-density page until the symptom has faded away.

(10) Undulated printing at the right edge (scanning start position).

Causes

- 1. Defective laser scanner unit.
- 2. Defective engine controller circuit in the engine/high voltage PWB



Causes	Check procedures/corrective measures
Defective laser scanner unit.	Defective polygon motor in the laser scanner unit. Replace the laser scanner unit. See page 1-6-20.
Defective engine controller circuit in the engine/high voltage PWB.	Replace the engine/high voltage PWB. See page 1-6-17.

1-5-5 Mechanical problems

Problem	Causes/check procedures	Corrective measures
(1) No primary paper feed.	Check if the surfaces of the feed roller is dirty with paper powder.	Clean with isopropyl alcohol.
	Check if the paper feed roller is deformed.	Check visually and replace any deformed paper feed roller. See page 1-6-4.
	Defective feed clutch installation.	Check visually and remedy if necessary.
(2) No secondary paper feed.	Check if the surfaces of the upper and lower registration rollers are dirty with paper powder.	Clean with isopropyl alcohol.
	Defective registration clutch installation.	Check visually and remedy if necessary.
(3) Skewed paper feed.	Paper width guide in a cassette installed incorrectly.	Check the paper width guide visually and correct or replace if necessary.
(4)	Check if the separator pad is worn.	Replace the separator pad if it is worn.
Multiple sheets of paper are fed at one time.	Check if the paper is curled.	Change the paper.
(5)	Check if the paper is excessively curled.	Change the paper.
Paper jams.	Check if the contact between the upper and lower registration rollers is correct.	Check visually and remedy if necessary.
	Check if the upper and lower fuser roller is extremely dirty or deformed.	Clean or replace the upper and lower fuser roller.
	Check if the contact between the FD roller and FD pulley is correct.	Check visually and remedy if necessary.
(6) Toner drops on the paper conveying path.	Check if the drum unit or developer unit is extremely dirty.	Clean the drum unit or developer unit.
(7) Abnormal noise is heard.	Check if the pulleys, rollers and gears operate smoothly.	Grease the bearings and gears.
	Check if the following electromagnetic clutches are installed correctly: Feed clutch and registration clutch.	Check visually and remedy if necessary.

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1-6-1 Precautions for assembly and disassembly

(1) Precautions

Be sure to turn the power switch off and disconnect the power plug before starting disassembly.

When handling PWBs (printed wiring boards), do not touch parts with bare hands. The PWBs are susceptible to static charge.

Do not touch any PWB containing ICs with bare hands or any object prone to static charge.

Use only the specified parts to replace the fuser thermostat. Never substitute electric wires, as the printer may be seriously damaged

Use the following circuit testers when measuring voltages:

- Hioki 3200
- Sanwa MD-180C
- Sanwa YX-360TR
- Beckman TECH300
- Beckman DM45
- Beckman 330 (Capable of measuring RMS values.)
- Beckman 3030 (Capable of measuring RMS values.)
- Beckman DM850 (Capable of measuring RMS values.)
- Fluke 8060A (Capable of measuring RMS values.)
- Arlec DMM1050
- Arlec YF1030C

1-6-2 Outer covers

(1) Detaching and refitting the right side cover, right cover, left cover, and top cover

<Procedure>

- 1. Open the top cover.
- 2. Remove the right side cover.

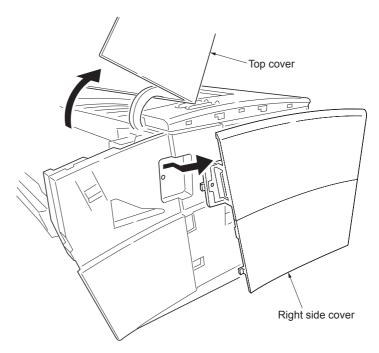


Figure 1-6-1 Removing the right side cover

- 3. Remove the paper cassette.
- 4. Unlatch the four latches and then remove the right cover.

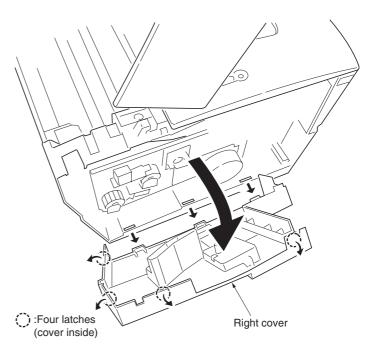


Figure 1-6-2 Removing the right cover

- 5. Remove the left cover by removing three hooks and three latches.
- * When refitting the left cover, attach in order (1) to (5) shown in a figure 1-6-3.

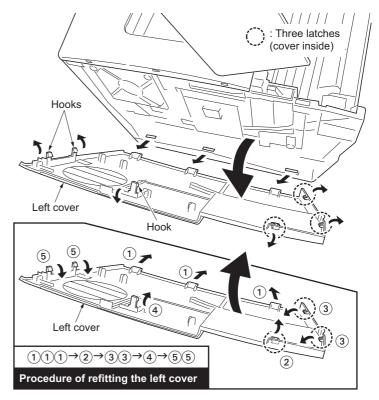


Figure 1-6-3 Removing the left cover

- 6. Remove the one connector.
- 7. While opening the rear cover and then remove the two screws.
- 8. While unhooking the hooks and then remove the top cover.

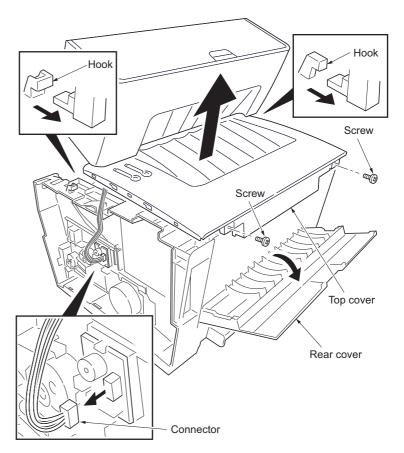


Figure 1-6-4 Removing the top cover

1-6-3 Paper feeding/conveying section

(1) Detaching and refitting the paper feed roller

<Procedure>

- Remove the paper cassette.
 Remove the paper feed roller.

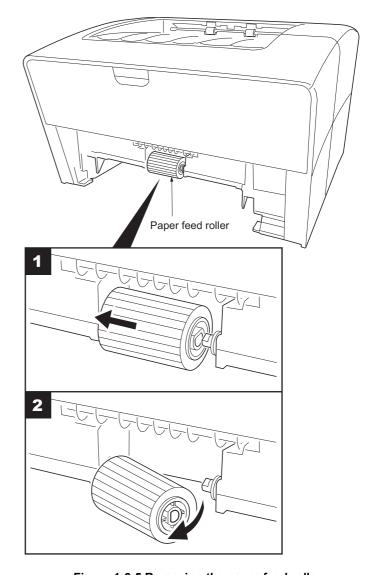


Figure 1-6-5 Removing the paper feed roller

(2) Detaching and refitting the transfer roller

<Procedure>

- 1. Remove the developer unit and drum unit. See page 1-6-6.
- 2. Remove the transfer roller from bushes.

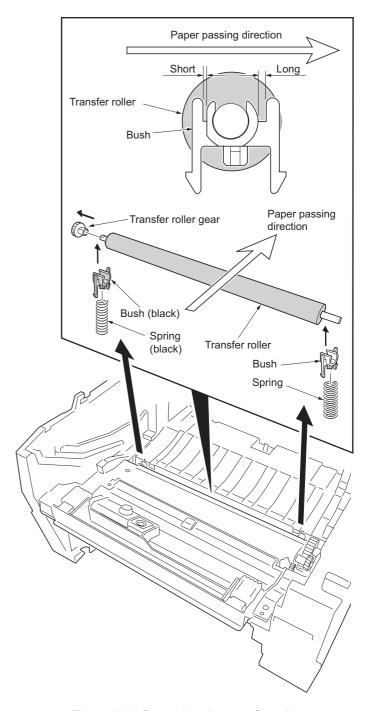


Figure 1-6-6 Removing the transfer roller

1-6-4 Process section

(1) Detaching and refitting the developer unit and drum unit

When replacing the drum unit which was, for example, damaged due to scratches, the waste toner reservoir is full, perform the drum unit optimization procedure. See page 1-6-7.

<Procedure>

- 1. Open the top cover.
- 2. Remove the developer unit (with toner container.

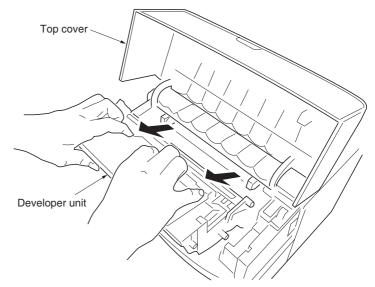


Figure 1-6-7 Removing the developer unit

3. Remove the drum unit.

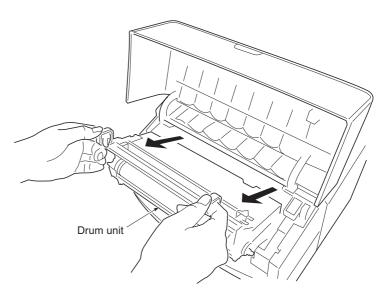


Figure 1-6-8 Removing the drum unit

(2) Drum unit optimization

When replacing the drum unit which was, for example, damaged due to scratches, the waste toner reservoir is full, perform the drum unit optimization procedure (drum unit optimization sets the proper main charger current control according to the surface sensitivity of the drum).

<Procedure>

- 1. Turn power off.
- 2. Open the top cover.
- 3. Remove the developer unit.

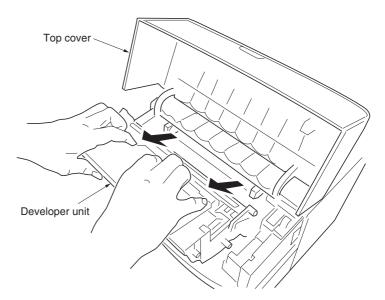


Figure 1-6-9 Developer unit

- 4. Remove the old drum unit.
- 5. Install the new drum unit.
- 6. Close the top cover (without installing the developer unit).
- Turn power on. The LED indicators displayed developer unit missing error indication.

READY indicator: Off ATTENTION indicator: Lit

- 8. Press the CANCEL key 5 seconds or more.
- Drum unit optimization is complete when letting go off of the CANCEL key. [Completion]
- Printer starts idling for 10 seconds. (Idling can be checked by rotation of FD roller)
 [Failure]
- Printer does not start idling. Time to press the CANCEL key was 5 seconds or less. Redo from step 8.
- 10. Open the top cover.
- 11. Install the developer unit.
- 12. Close the top cover.

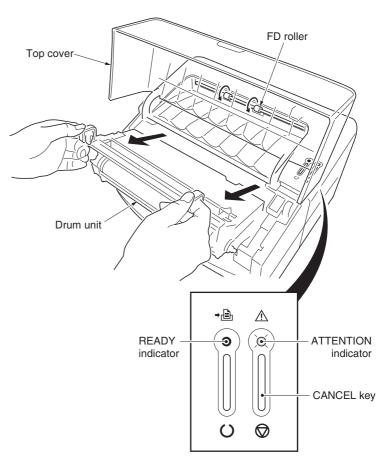


Figure 1-6-10 Drum unit and operation panel

(3) Detaching and refitting the main charger unit

- 1. Remove the drum unit. See page 1-6-6.
- While pushing on the main charger terminal (1), slide the main charger unit (2).
- 3. Remove the main charger unit (③) by lifting if

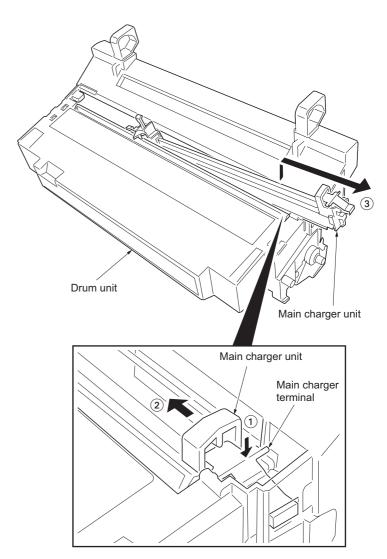


Figure 1-6-11

1-6-5 Fuser unit

(1) Detaching and refitting the fuser unit

- 1. Remove the outer covers. See page 1-6-2.
- 2. Remove the two connectors.
- 3. Remove the wire from two clamps.

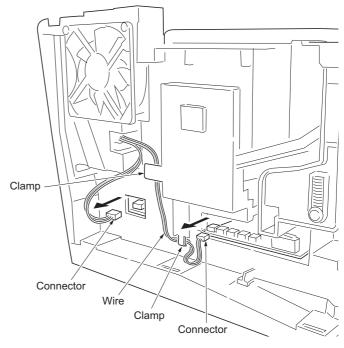


Figure 1-6-12

- 4. Pull out the rear cover axis (with spring) from the axis hole (①) on side.
- 5. Pull out the rear cover axis from the axis hole (②) on side and remove the rear cover and the spring.

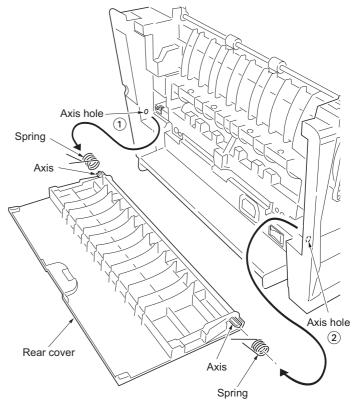


Figure 1-6-13

6. Remove the two screws and then remove the fuser unit.

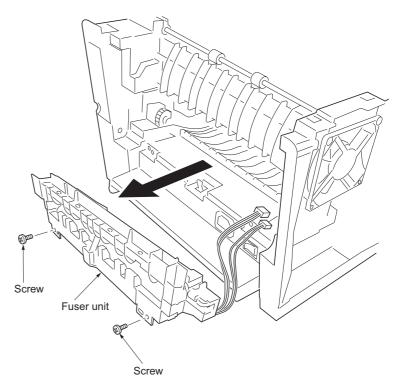


Figure 1-6-14

7. Remove the two screws and then separate the upper fuser frame and lower fuser frame.

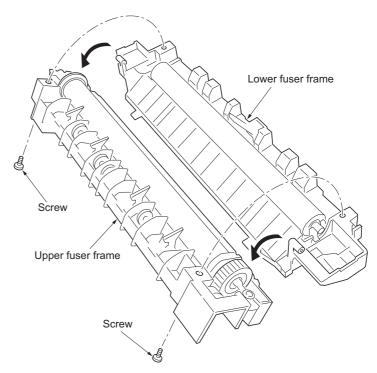


Figure 1-6-15

(2) Detaching and refitting the heater lamp, heat roller, fuser thermistor, thermal cutout, and press roller

- 1. Remove the fuser unit. See page 1-6-9.
- 2. Remove the two screws and terminal.
- 3. Remove the heater lamp.
- * Seat the heater lamp aligning its wattage mark and welding mark faced with the correct direction and side.

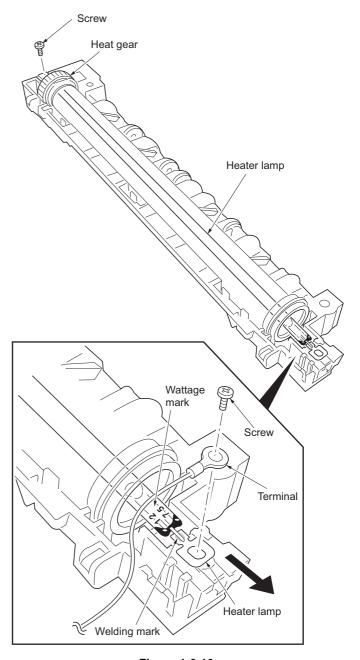


Figure 1-6-16

- 4. Pull the heat R bush and heat L bush (with
- heat roller) from the upper fuser guide.

 5. Remove the heat R bush, heat L bush and heat gear from the heat roller.

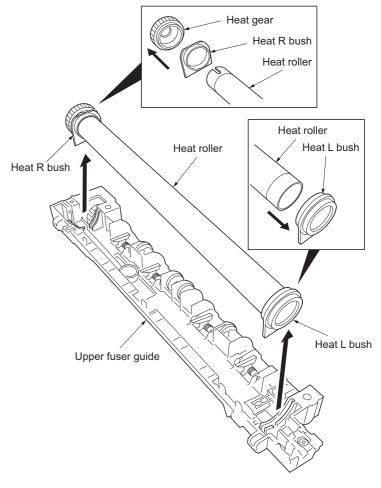


Figure 1-6-17

6. Remove the one screw and then remove the fuser thermistor.

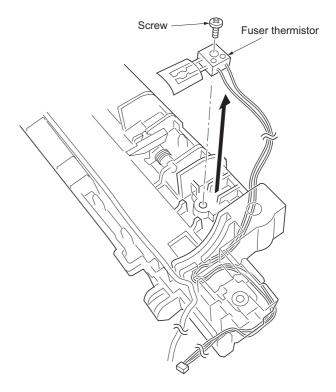


Figure 1-6-18

- 7. Remove the two screws (nuts), plate cord, and terminal.8. Remove the thermal cutout.

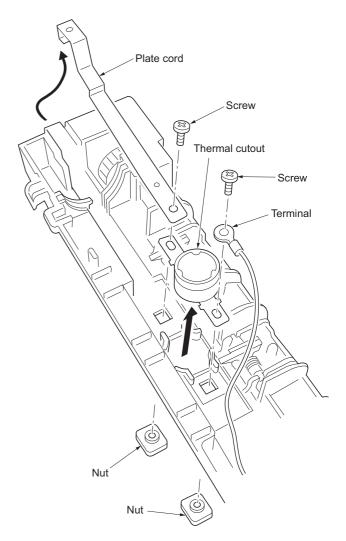


Figure 1-6-19

9. Remove the press roller from the bushes.

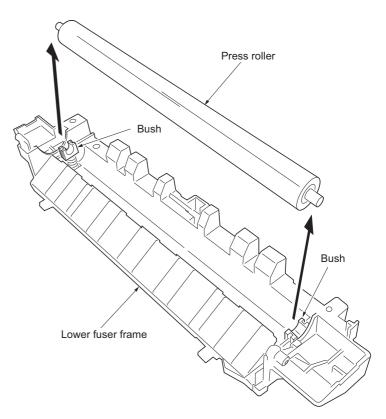


Figure 1-6-20 Removing the press roller

1-6-6 PWBs

(1) Detaching and refitting the main PWB (16 ppm GDI printer)

- Remove the right cover. See page 1-6-2.
 Remove the two connectors from main PWB.
- 3. Remove one screw from the USB interface connector.
- 4. Remove the three screws and then remove the main PWB.

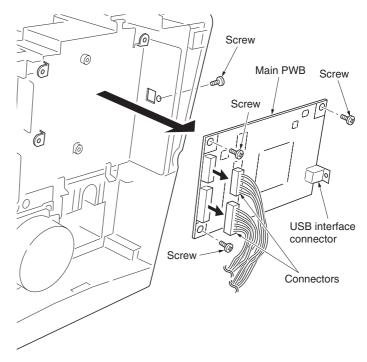


Figure 1-6-21

(2) Detaching and refitting the main PWB (16/18 ppm printers)

- 1. Remove the right cover. See page 1-6-2.
- 2. Remove the one screw and then remove the CF guide.
- 3. Remove the two connectors from main PWB.
- Remove three screws from the USB interface connector and parallel interface connector.
- 5. Remove the four screws and then remove the main PWB (with controller box).

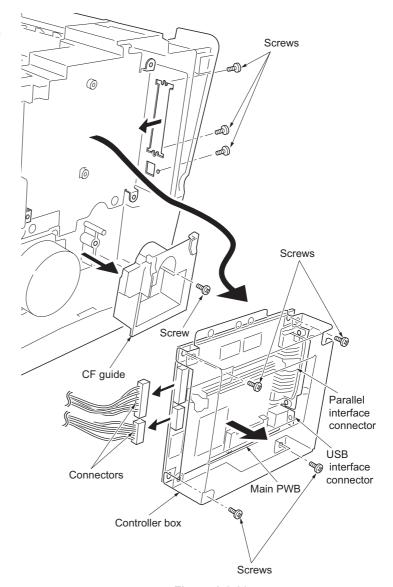


Figure 1-6-22

(3) Detaching and refitting the engine/high voltage PWB and power source PWB

- 1. Remove the developer unit and drum unit. See page 1-6-6.
- 2. Remove the paper cassette.
- 3. Remove the outer covers. See page 1-6-2.
- 4. Remove the six connectors.
- * When seating the engine/high voltage PWB, ensure that the developer bias terminal spring is correctly in contact with the developing bias terminal (TB1) on the engine/high voltage PWB.

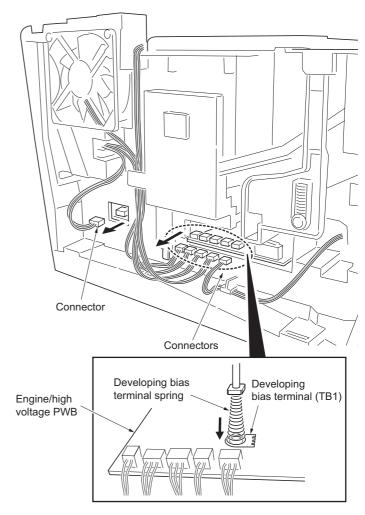


Figure 1-6-23

- 5. Remove the two connectors from main PWB.
- 6. Remove the drive unit. See page 1-6-23.

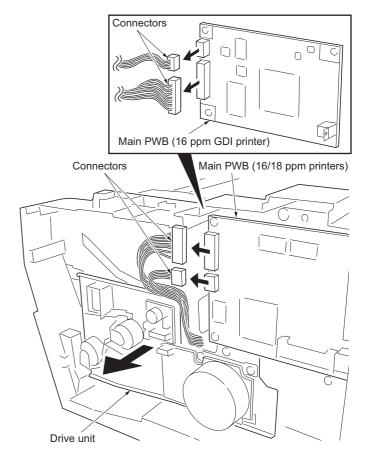


Figure 1-6-24

- 7. Turn the printer bottom side up.8. Remove the five screws and then remove the bottom frame plate with PWBs (behind the plate).

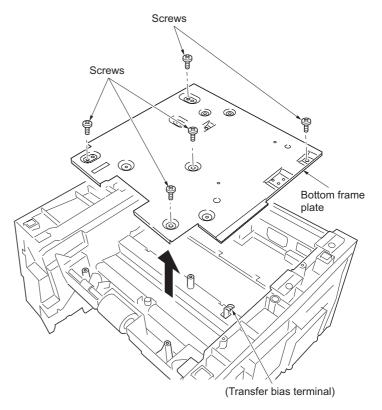


Figure 1-6-25

- 9. Remove the one screw and terminal from the bottom frame plate.
- * When securing the grounding terminal, hook the grounding wire to the projection.
- 10. Remove the three screws from power source PWB.
- 11. Remove four screws from the engine/high voltage PWB.
- 12. Separate the engine/high voltage PWB and power source PWB.
- 13. Check or replace the engine/high voltage PWB or power source PWB and then refit all the removed parts.
- * To replace the engine/high voltage PWB, remove the EEPROM (U2) from the old engine/high voltage PWB and mount it to the new engine/high voltage PWB.

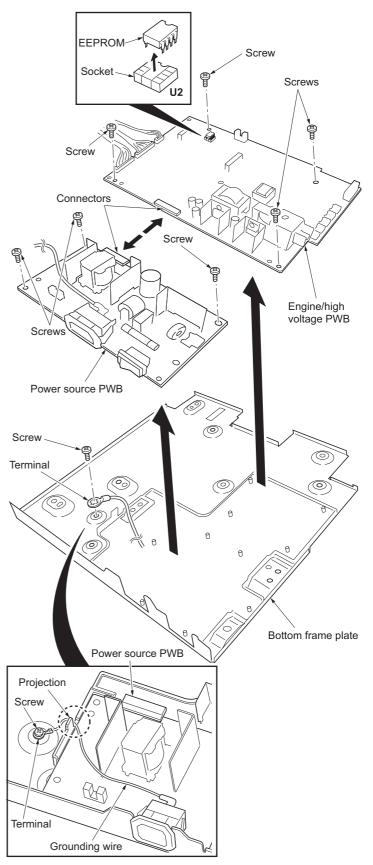


Figure 1-6-26

1-6-7 Others

(1) Detaching and refitting the laser scanner unit

- Remove the outer covers. See page 1-6-2.
 Remove the two screws and then remove the LSU lid.

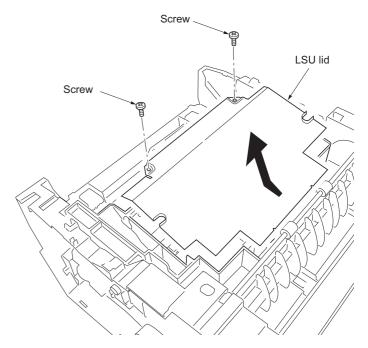


Figure 1-6-27

- 3. Remove the three screws.
- 4. Remove the two connectors and then remove the laser scanner unit.

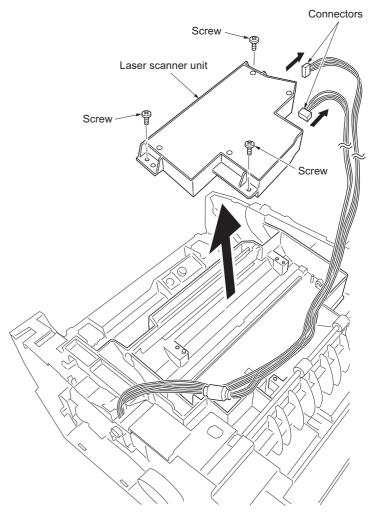


Figure 1-6-28

(2) Detaching and refitting the eraser lamp (PWB)

- 1. Remove the laser scanner unit. See page 1-6-20
- 2. Remove the one connector.
- 3. Remove the wire from two clamps.

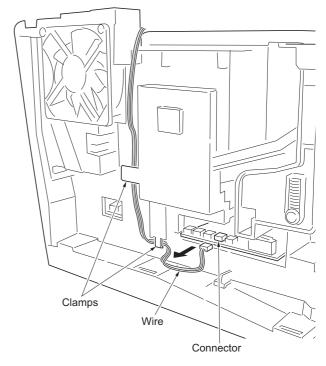


Figure 1-6-29

- 4. Remove the wire form clamp.
- 5. Remove the sheet eraser.
- 6. Remove the eraser lamp (PWB).

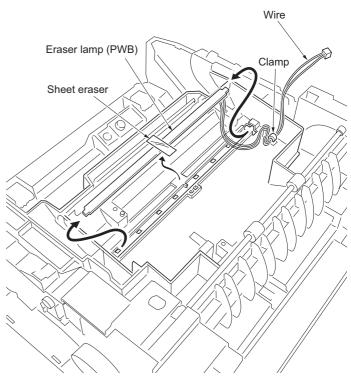


Figure 1-6-30

(3) Detaching and refitting the drive unit

- 1. Remove the right cover. See page 1-6-2.
- 2. Remove the three connectors.
- 3. Remove the two screws and then remove the two grounding plates.
- 4. Remove the two stoppers and then remove the two clutches.

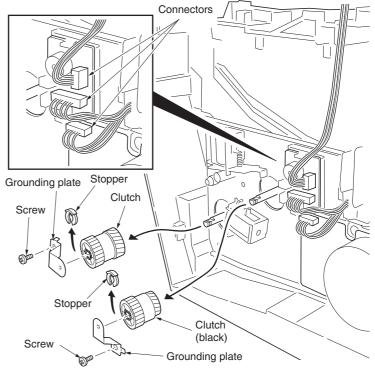


Figure 1-6-31

- 5. Remove the one screw and then remove the CF guide.
- 6. Remove the three screws and then remove the drive unit.

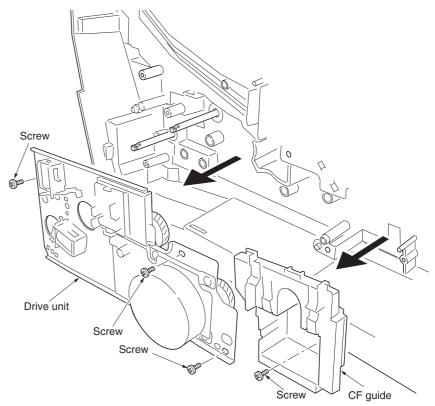


Figure 1-6-32

(4) Detaching and refitting the main motor

- 1. Remove the right cover. See page 1-6-2.
- Remove the one connector from main motor.
- 3. Remove the four screws and then remove the main motor.

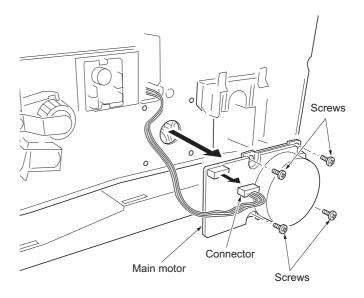


Figure 1-6-33

1-7-1 Downloading

(1) Firmware program data format

The data to be downloaded are supplied in the following format:

Firmware file name example (For 16/18 ppm printers)

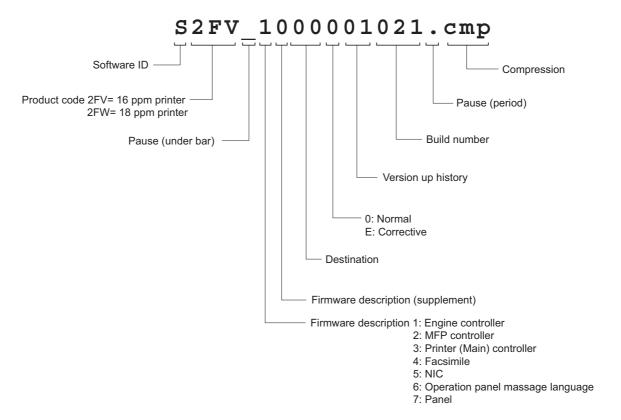


Figure 1-7-1

(2) Downloading the firmware from the parallel interface (For 16/18 ppm printers)

This section explains how to download firmware data from the parallel interface. The printer system can automatically recognize whether the data to be overwritten is for controller firmware.

CAUTION

Downloading the firmware takes several minutes. Do not turn power off during downloading.

- 1. Turn printer and PC power off.
- 2. Connect the parallel printer cable between the PC and the printer.

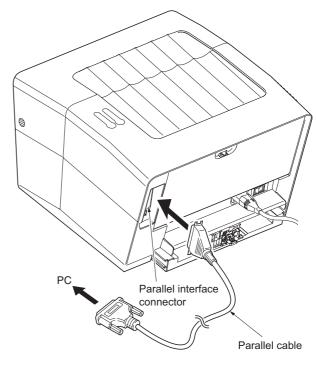


Figure 1-7-2

- 3. Turn printer power on.
- 4. Confirm that LED indication status (1) is displayed.
- 5. At the DOS prompt, enter command.
 c:\echo!R!UPGR"SYS"; EXIT;>prn
- 6. Confirm that LED indication status (2) is displayed.
- Confirm that LED indication status (③) is displayed. At the DOS prompt, enter command so that the system firmware (example: S2FV_1000001021.cmp) is copied to the printer.
 - c:\copy\2FV_1000001021.cmp prn
- 8. LED indication status (③)(④) are displayed during downloading. When LED indication status (⑤) is displayed to indicate downloading is finished, turn printer power off, then on.
- * If downloading fails, the printer indicates an error display using the LED indicators. See table below, LED indication status (6).
- 9. Confirm that LED indication status (1) is displayed after warm-up.
- 10. Print a status page. (See page 1-4-3)
- 11. Check that the status page shows the updated firmware version.

Table 1-7-1

LE	D Indicator explana	ATTENTION indicator
1)	Ready	•)
2	Supervisor mode	
3	Waiting for parallel data Receiving data	
4	Deleting and writing data	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
(5)	Downloading complete	
6	Downloading failed	

(3) Downloading the firmware from the memory card (For 16/18 ppm printers)

To download data written in a memory card (CompactFlash) to the printer, proceed as explained in this section.

CAUTION

Downloading firmware takes several minutes. Do not turn power off during downloading. If downloading is interrupted by an accidental power failure, etc., the main PWB may have to be replaced.

Do not download the system firmware and engine firmware at one time. Store the either firmware in a memory card and download one by one.

- 1. Turn power switch off.
- 2. Remove the right side cover.
- 3. Insert the memory card in the printer's memory card slot.

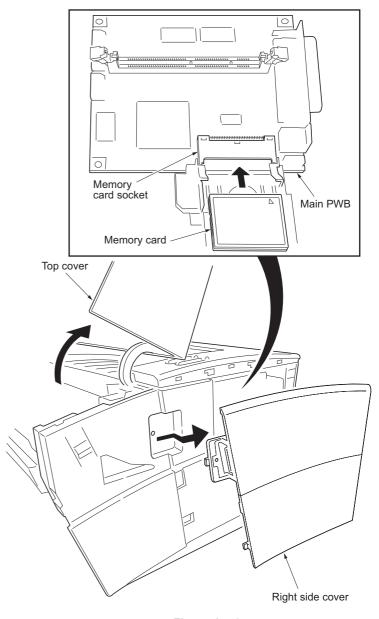


Figure 1-7-3

- 4. Turn power switch on.
- 5. The printers starts and finishes downloading automatically. LED indication status (③)(④) are displayed during downloading. When LED indication status (⑤) is displayed to indicate downloading is finished.
- * If downloading fails, the printer indicates an error display using the LED indicators. See table below, LED indication status (ⓐ).

Table 1-7-2

LE	ED Indicator explana	ATTENTION indicator Lit Off READY indicator Lit Off
1	Ready	• ¤
2	Supervisor mode	
3	Receiving data	
4	Deleting and writing data	
5	Downloading complete	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
6	Downloading failed	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

- 6. Turn power off.
- 7. Remove the memory card and then refit the right side cover.
- 8. Turn power on again. Check the printer gets ready.
- 9. Print a status page. (See page 1-4-3)
- 10. Check that the status page shows the updated firmware version.

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2-1-1 Paper feeding/conveying section

The paper feeding/conveying system picks up paper from the paper cassette, manual feed tray, feeds it in the printer and delivers in the output tray. Paper is feed at the precise timing in synchronization with data processing.

(1) Paper feed section

The figure below shows the components in the paper feeding/conveying section and the paths through which the paper travels. The sensors, clutches, motor etc., are described in the following pages.

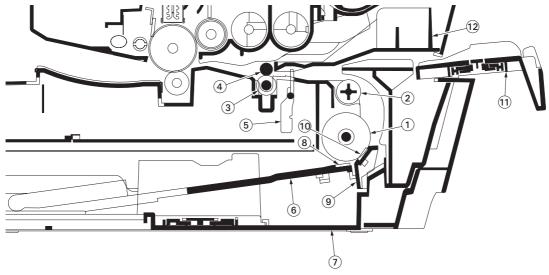


Figure 2-1-1 Paper feeding/conveying section

- (1) Feed roller
- (2) Feed pulley
- (3) Lower registration roller
- (4) Upper registration roller
- (5) Registration sensor (Actuator)
- (6) Base plate

- (7) Cassette bottom
- (8) Bottom pad
- (9) Paper separator
- (10) Separator pad
- (11) Manual feed tray
- (12) Feed guide

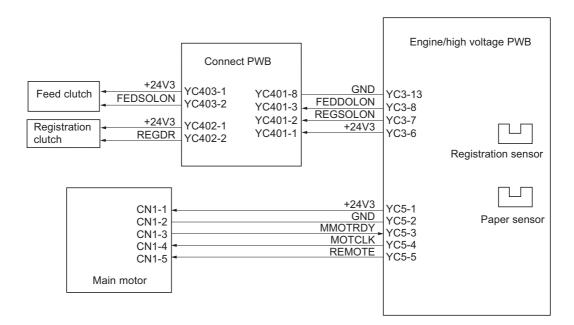


Figure 2-1-2 Paper feeding/conveying section block diagram

2-1-2 Drum section

(1) Drum unit

The durable layer of organic photoconductor (OPC) is coated over the aluminum cylinder base. The OPC tend to reduce its own electrical conductance when exposed to light. After a cyclic process of charging, exposure, and development, the electrostatic image is constituted over the OPC layer.

Since the OPC is materialized by resin, it is susceptible to damage caused by sharp edges such as a screwdriver, etc., resulting in a print quality problem. Also, finger prints can cause deterioration of the OPC layer, therefore, the drum (in the drum unit) must be handled with care. Substances like water, alcohol, organic solvent, etc., should be strictly avoided. As with all other OPC drums, the exposure to a strong light source for a prolonged period can cause a print quality problem. The limit is approximately 500 lux for less than five minutes. If the drum (drum unit) remains removed form the printer, it should be stored in a cool, dark place.

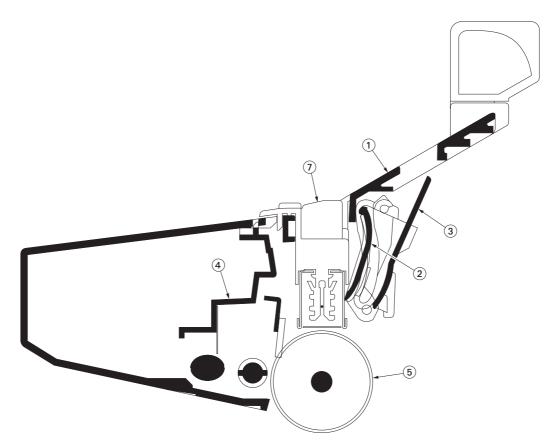


Figure 2-1-3 Drum unit

- (1) Drum frame
- (2) Drum cover A
- (3) Drum cover B
- (4) Waste toner cover
- (5) Drum (OPC)

(2) Main charger unit

As the drum rotates in a "clean (neutral)" state, its photoconductive layer is given a uniform, positive (+) corona charge dispersed by the main charger wire. Due to high-voltage scorotron charging, the charging wire can get contaminated by oxidization after a long run. Cleaning the charging wire prevents print quality problems such as black streaks.

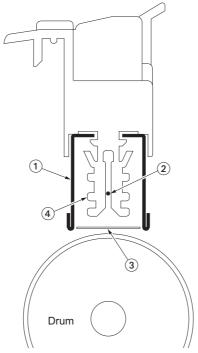


Figure 2-1-4 Main charger unit

- (1) Main charger shield
- (2) Main charger wire
- (3) Main charger grid
- (4) Main charger wire cleaner

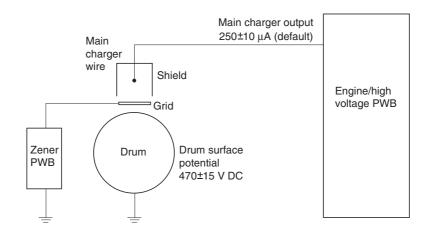


Figure 2-1-5 Drum unit and main charger unit block diagram

2-1-3 Expose section

(1) Laser scanner unit

The charged surface of the drum is then scanned by the laser beam from the laser scanner unit.

The laser beam (780 nm wavelength) beam is dispersed as the polygon motor revolves (27959 rpm) to reflect the laser beam over the drum. Various lenses and mirror are housed in the laser scanner unit, adjust the diameter of the laser beam, and focalize it at the drum surface.

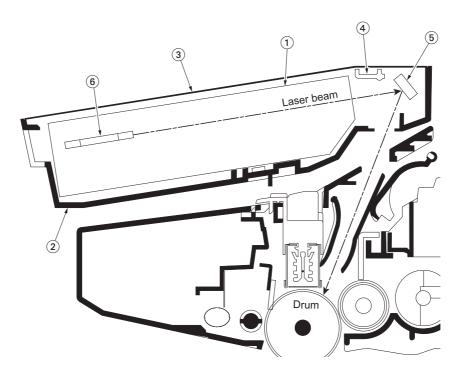


Figure 2-1-6 Laser scanner unit

- (1) Laser scanner unit
- (2) MID frame
- (3) LSU lid
- (4) LSU shutter
- (5) LSU mirror
- (6) Polygon motor (mirror)

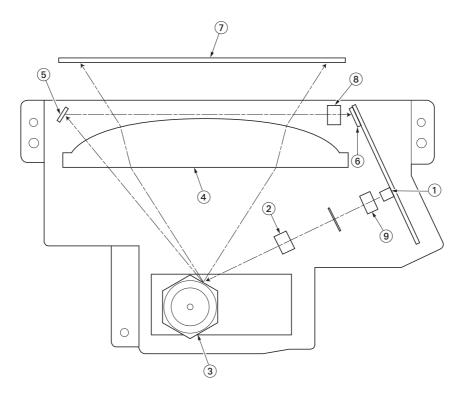


Figure 2-1-7 Laser scanner unit

1.	Laser diode	Emits diffused, visible laser.
2.	Cylindrical lens	Compensates the vertical angle at which the laser beam hits a polygon
		mirror segment.
3.	Polygon mirror (motor)	Has six mirror segments around its hexagonal circumference; each mirror corresponding to one scanned line width on the drum when laser beam scans on it.
4.	F-theta lens	The f-theta lens equalizes focusing distortion on the far ends of the drum.
5.	Sensor mirror	Bends the very first shot of a laser scan towards the pin photo diode sen-
		sor (6).
6.	Pin photo diode sensor	When shone by the sensor mirror above, this pin photo diode sensor
		generates a trigger signal for the engine controller to start activating the paper feeding system.
7	LSU mirror	Diverts the laser beam vertically onto the drum. Note the diffused laser
	200	beam finally pinpoints on the drum.
8.	PD lens	Condensing laser beam focus to the pin photo diode sensor.
9.	Collimator lens	Aligns the laser beam to the cylindrical lens.

2-1-4 Developing section

(1) Developer unit

The latent image constituted on the drum is developed into a visible image. The developing roller contains a 3-pole (S-N-S) magnet core and an aluminum cylinder rotating around the magnet core. Toner attracts to the developing roller since it is powdery ink made of black resin bound to iron particles. Doctor blade, magnetized by magnet, is positioned approximately 0.30 mm above the developing roller to constitute a smooth layer of toner in accordance with the roller revolution.

The developing roller is applied with the AC-weighted, positive DC power source. Toner on the developing roller is given a positive charge. The positively charged toner is then attracted to the areas of the drum which was exposed to the laser light. (The gap between the drum and the developing roller is 0.32 mm.) The non-exposed areas of the drum repel the positively charged toner as these areas maintain the positive charge.

The developing roller is also AC-biased to ensure contrast in yielding by compensating the toner's attraction and repelling action during development.

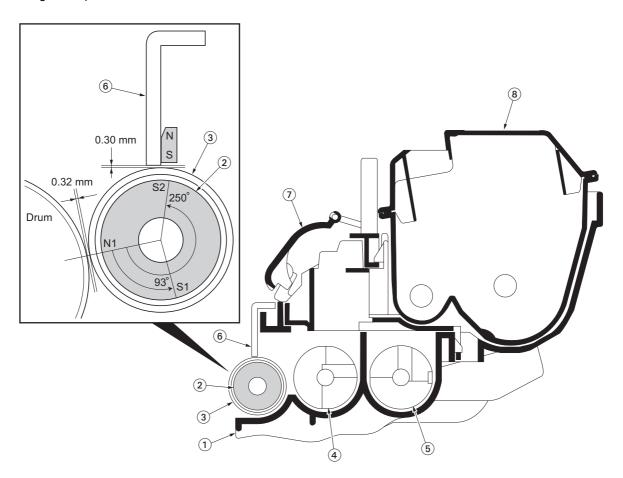


Figure 2-1-8 Developer unit and toner container

- (1) DLP case
- (2) Magnet roller
- (3) Developing sleeve
- (4) DLP screw A
- (5) DLP screw B
- (6) Doctor blade
- (7) DLP shutter
- (8) Toner container

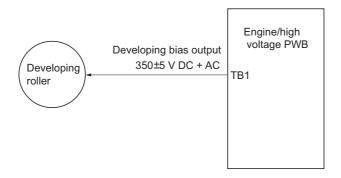


Figure 2-1-9 Developing section block diagram

2-1-5 Transfer section

The image developed by toner on the drum is transferred onto the paper because of the electrical attraction between the toner itself and the transfer roller. The transfer roller is negatively biased so that the positively charged toner is attracted onto the paper while it is pinched by the drum and the transfer roller.

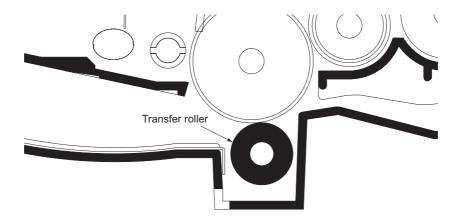
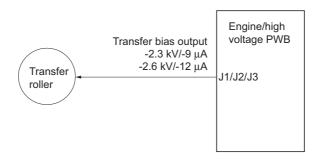


Figure 2-1-10 Transfer section



Switches output depending on media type and media size.

Figure 2-1-11 Transfer section block diagram

2-1-6 Cleaning section

After the transferring process, the drum needs to be physically cleaned of toner which is residual after the development process. The cleaning blade is constantly pressed against the drum and scrapes the residual toner off to the sweep roller. The waste toner is collected at the output end of the sweep roller and sent back to the toner container, into the waste toner reservoir.

After the drum is physically cleaned, it then must be cleaned to the electrically neutral state. This is necessary to erase any residual positive charge, ready to accept the uniform charge for the next print process. The residual charge is canceled by exposing the drum to the light emitted from the eraser lamp (PWB). This lowers the electrical conductivity of the drum surface making the residual charge on the drum surface escape to the ground.

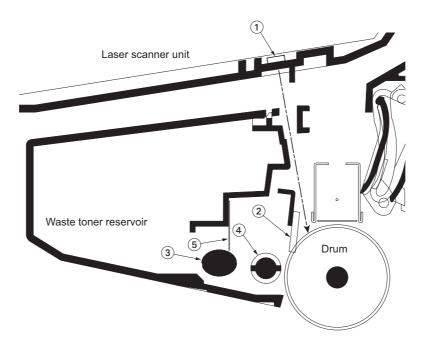


Figure 2-1-12 Cleaning section

- (1) Eraser lamp (PWB)
- (2) Cleaning blade
- (3) Sweep roller
- (4) Drum roller
- (5) Sheet sweep

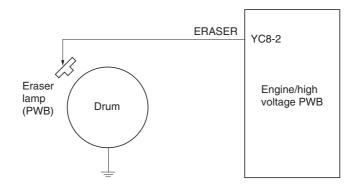


Figure 2-1-13 Cleaning section

2-1-7 Fuser section

(1) Fuser unit

The toner on the paper is molten and pressed into the paper as it passes between the heat roller and the press roller in the fuser unit.

The heat roller has a heater lamp (750 W) inside which continuously turns on and off by the fuser thermistor to maintain the constant temperature onto the heat roller surface.

The heat roller is resin coated by florin to prevent toner from accumulating on the roller after a long run. Care must be taken while handling the heat roller not to scratch the roller surface as doing so may result in print problems.

The heat roller has four claws (separators) which are continuously in contact with its surface. These claws (separators) prevent the paper on which toner has been fused from being wound around the heat roller causing paper jam.

The press roller is made of the heat-resistant silicon rubber. This roller is used to strongly press the paper towards the heat roller by means of coil springs.

The temperature of the heat roller is constantly monitored by the engine/high voltage PWB using the fuser thermistor and triac. Should the temperature of the heat roller exceed the predetermined value, the thermal cutout is activated to effectively disconnect the heater lamp from power.

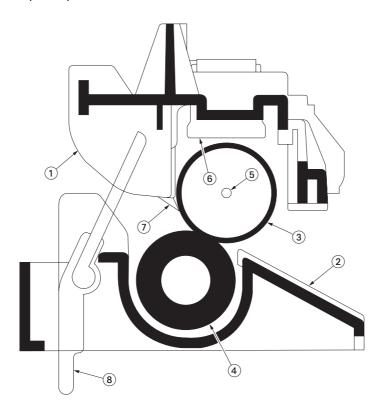


Figure 2-1-14 Fuser unit

- (1) Upper fuser frame
- (2) Lower fuser frame
- (3) Heat roller
- (4) Press roller
- (5) Heater lamp
- (6) Thermal cutout
- (7) Separators
- (8) Fuser actuator

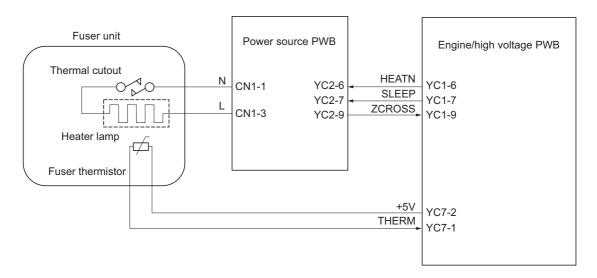


Figure 2-1-15 Fuser section block diagram

2-1-8 Paper exit section

(1) Paper exit section

The paper exit section transports the paper which passed the fuser unit towards the output tray. The paper which passed through the fuser unit turns on the exit sensor which is driven by the fuser actuator in the fuser unit, and is led by the guide comprised of the rear cover and the frame, finally reaching the FD roller. The paper is delivered to the output tray by the rotation of the FD roller.

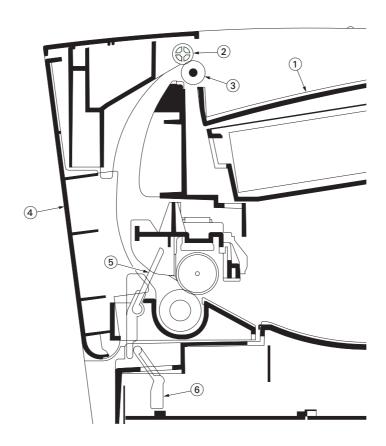


Figure 2-1-16 Paper exit section

- (1) Output tray
- (2) FD pulley
- (3) FD roller
- (4) Rear cover
- (5) Fuser actuator
- (6) Exit sensor actuator

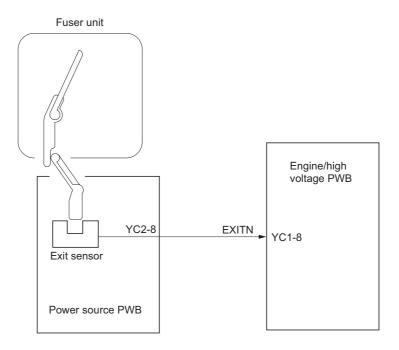


Figure 2-1-17 Paper exit section block diagram

2-2-1 Electrical parts layout

(1) Electrical parts layout

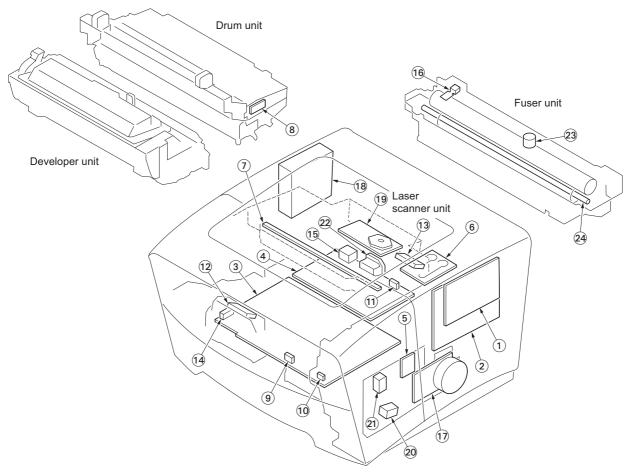


Figure 2-2-1 Electrical parts layout

1.	Main PWB (For 16 ppm GDI printer)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2.	Main PWB (For 16/18 ppm printers)	interface with computer. Controls the software such as the print data processing and provides the interface with computer.
3.	Engine/high voltage PWB	. Controls the input/output of electrical parts and generates the high voltage.
4.	Power source PWB	After full-wave rectification of AC power source input, switching for converting to 24 V DC and 5 V DC for output.
5.	Connect PWB	. Consists the buzzer and wiring relay circuit.
6.		. Indicates the LED indicators and controls key inputs.
7.	Eraser lamp PWB	. Eliminates the residual electrostatic charge on the drum.
8.	Zener PWB	. Adjusts the main charger grid electrostatic potential.
9.	Registration sensor	. Detects the timing of primary feeding and paper jam.
10.	Paper sensor	. Detects paper in the paper cassette.
11.	Exit sensor	. Detects paper jam in the fuser unit and paper exit section.
12.	Toner empty sensor	. Measures toner in the toner container.
13.	Waste toner full sensor	. Detects the waste toner reservoir (drum unit) being full.
14.	Interlock switch	. Monitors whether the top cover is open and cuts off the 24 V DC power
		source.
	Power switch	
	Fuser thermistor	
	Main motor	
18.	Cooling fan motor	. Cools the interior of machine.
19.	Polygon motor	. Drives the polygon mirror.

2GL/2FV/2FW

21. Registration clutch Controls the primary paper feed. 22. AC inlet Connects the AC power source. 23. Thermal cutout Shuts off the power source to the heater lamp when the heat roller reaches extremely high temperature.	20. Feed clutch	. Controls the paper cassette paper feed.
23. Thermal cutout	21. Registration clutch	. Controls the primary paper feed.
reaches extremely high temperature.	22. AC inlet	. Connects the AC power source.
	23. Thermal cutout	·
24. Heater lamp Energizes the heat roller.	24. Heater lamp	, ,

2-3-1 Power source PWB

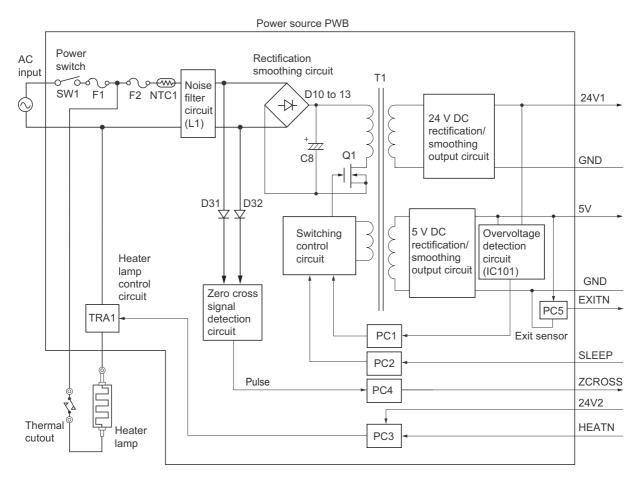


Figure 2-3-1 Power source PWB block diagram

The power source PWB consists of the switching regulator section that is the main part, other zero cross signal detection circuit and heater lamp control circuit. The switching regulator circuit consists of the noise filter circuit, rectification smoothing circuit, switching control circuit, 5 V DC rectification/smoothing output circuit, 24 V DC rectification/smoothing output circuit and overvoltage detection circuit, and this circuit converts the AC power input to the 5 V DC and 24 V DC power source by the switching operation and outputs it to the engine/high voltage PWB. The zero cross signal detection circuit detects the 0 V point (zero cross) of the AC wave form and outputs to the engine/high voltage circuit, and the engine/ high voltage PWB outputs the heater lamp ON signal (HEATN) to the heater lamp control circuit based on the timing of zero cross signal (ZCROSS) and controls the AC power loading to the heater lamp.

Connector	Pin No.	Signal	I/O	Voltage	Description		
CN1	N	N N		220 - 240 V AC	AC power input		
Connected				120 V AC			
to the AC	L	L	I	220 - 240 V AC	AC power input		
inlet				120 V AC			
YC1	N	N L	0	220 - 240 V AC	Power supply for heater lamp (On/Off)		
Connected				120 V AC			
to the heater	L			220 - 240 V AC	Power supply for heater lamp (On/Off)		
lamp				120 V AC			
YC2	1	+5V	0	5 V DC	5 V DC power output		
Connected	2	+5V	0	5 V DC	5 V DC power output		
to the	3	GND	-	-	Ground		
engine/high	4	GND	-	-	Ground		
voltage	5	+24V	- 1	24 V DC	24 V DC power input (via interlock switch)		
PWB	6	HEATN	- 1	0 /24 V DC	Heater lamp: On/Off		
	7	SLEEP	- 1	0 /5 V DC	Sleep mode: On/Off		
	8	EXITIN	0	0 /5 V DC	Exit sensor: On/Off		
	9	ZCROSS	0	0 /5 V DC (pulse)	Zero cross signal		
	10	+24V	0	24 V DC	24 V DC power output		
	11	+24V	0	24 V DC	24 V DC power output		
	12	GND	-	-	Ground		
	13	GND	-	-	Ground		

2-3-2 Engine/high voltage PWB

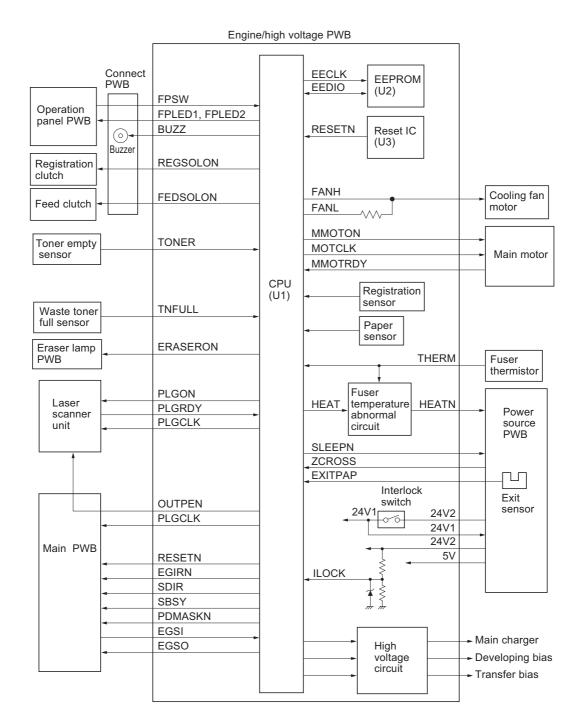


Figure 2-3-2 Engine/high voltage PWB block diagram

The engine/high voltage PWB consists mainly of CPU (U1) and it is primarily divided into the engine circuit section that controls the entire hardware such as the process and paper feeding/conveying mechanism and the high voltage circuit section that generates various high voltages to output during the process operation.

Connector	Pin No.	Signal	I/O	Voltage	Description	
YC1	1	+5V	I	5 V DC	5 V DC power input	
Connected	2	+5V	1	5 V DC	5 V DC power input	
to the power			-	Ground		
source PWB	4	GND	-	-	Ground	
	5	+24V2	0	24 V DC	24 V DC power output (via interlock switch)	
	6	HEATN	0	0 /24 V DC	Heater lamp: On/Off	
	7	SLEEP	0	0 /5 V DC	Sleep mode: On/Off	
	8	EXITIN	I	0 /5 V DC	Exit sensor: On/Off	
	9	ZCROSS	I	0 /5 V DC (pulse)	Zero cross signal	
	10	+24V1	I	24 V DC	24 V DC power input	
	11	+24V1	I	24 V DC	24 V DC power input	
	12	GND	-	-	Ground	
	13	GND	-	-	Ground	
YC3	1	PLGCLK	0	0/5 V DC (pulse)	Polygon motor clock signal	
Connected	2	PLGRDY	1	0/5 V DC	Polygon motor: Ready/Not ready	
to the laser	3	PLGON	0	0/5 V DC	Polygon motor: On/Off	
scanner unit, con-	4	GND	-	-	Ground	
nect PWB	5	+24V3	0	24 V DC	24 V DC power output	
	6	+24V3	0	24 V DC	24 V DC power output	
	7	REGSOLON	0	0 /24 V DC	Registration clutch: On/Off	
	8	FEDDOLON	0	0 /24 V DC	Feed clutch: On/Off	
	9	BUZ	0	0/5 V DC (pulse)	Buzzer: On (4 kHz)	
	10	FPLED2	0	0/5 V DC	READY indicator: On/Off	
	11	FPLED1	0	0/5 V DC	ATTENTION indicator: On/Off	
	12	FPSW		Analog	GO key (SW1) and CANCEL key (SW2) input:	
				5 V DC 3.160 to 3.394 V DC	SW1: Off, SW2 Off SW1: Off, SW2 On	
				2.544 to 2.798 V DC	SW1: OII, SW2 OII SW1: On, SW2: Off	
				1.947 to 2.193 V DC	SW1: On, SW2: On	
	13	GND	_	-	Ground	
YC4	1	RESETN	0	0/5 V DC	Reset signal	
Connected	2	EGIRN	0	0/5 V DC	Engine interrupt signal	
to the main	3	SDIR	Ō	0/5 V DC	Communication direction change signal	
PWB	4	SBSY	Ō	0/5 V DC	Engine busy signal	
	5	PDMASKN	0	0/5 V DC	PD mask control signal	
	6	EGSI	Ī	0/5 V DC (pulse)	Engine interface serial communication data	
	7	SCLKIN	1	0 /5 V DC (pulse)	Clock signal for engine interface	
	8	SGSO	0	0/5 V DC (pulse)	Engine interface serial communication data	
	9	PLGCLK	1	0 /5 V DC (pulse)	Clock signal for polygon motor	
	10	OUTPEN	0	0/5 V DC	Laser output: On/Off	
	11	+5V	0	5 V DC	5 V DC power output	
	12	GND	-	-	Ground	
YC5	1	+24V3	0	24 V DC	24 V DC power output	
Connected	2	GND	-	-	Ground	
to the main	3	MMOTRDY	-	-	Ground (power)	
motor	4	MOTCLK	0	0 /5 V DC (pulse)	Main motor clock signal	
	5	REMOTE	0	0/5 V DC	Main motor: On/Off	
YC6	1	+5V	0	5 V DC	5 V DC power output	
Connected	2	TNFULL	- 1	0/5 V DC	Waste toner full/Not	
to the waste	3	GND	-	-	Ground	
toner full						
sensor						
YC7	1	+5V	0	5 V DC	5 V DC power output	
Connected	2	THERM	I	Analog	Fuser thermistor detection voltage	
to the fuser						
thermistor						
		ı		l		

Connector	Pin No.	Signal	I/O	Voltage	Description
YC8	1	ERASPW	0	24 V DC	24 V DC power output
Connected	2	ERASER	0	0/24 V DC	Eraser lamp (PWB): On/Off
to the eraser					
lamp (PWB)					
YC9	1	+24V1	0	24 V DC	24 V DC power output
Connected	2	FAN	0	0 /12/24 V DC	Cooling fan motor: Full speed/Half speed/Off
to the cool-					
ing fan					
motor					
YC10	1	+5V	0	5 V DC	5 V DC power output
Connected	2	TONER	I	0/5 V DC	Toner empty/Not
to the toner	3	GND	-	-	Ground
empty sen-					
sor					

2-3-3 Main PWB

For 16 ppm GDI printer

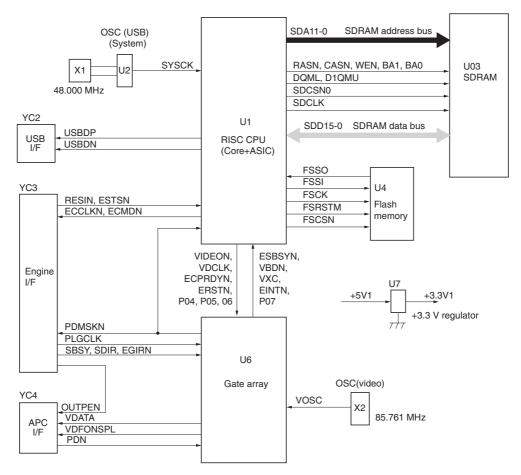


Figure 2-3-3 Main PWB block diagram (For 16 ppm GDI printer)

The main PWB consists mainly of CPU (U1) and primarily performs the printing data processing and interface controls with computers. The CPU (U1) outputs the laser light and executes printing following the flash memory (U4) that stores the control programs being linked with the process and paper feeding/conveying mechanism that the engine/high voltage PWB controls.

For 16 ppm printer

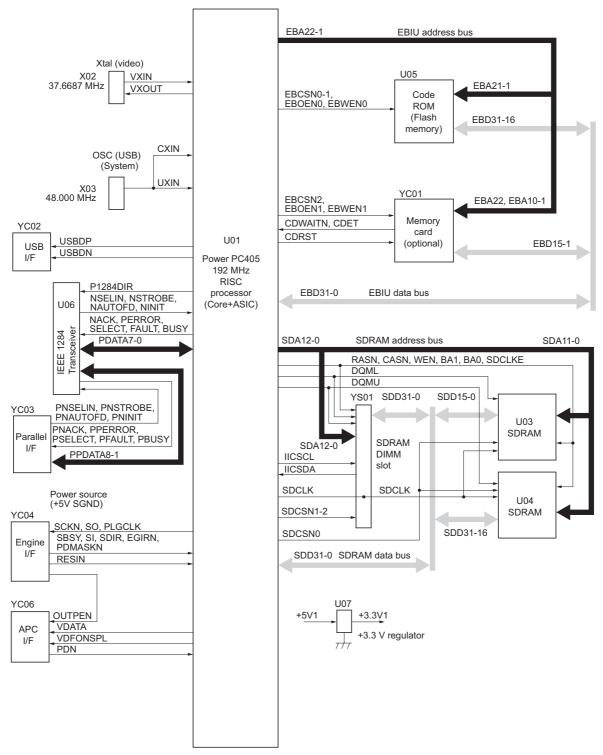


Figure 2-3-4 Main PWB block diagram (For 16 ppm printer)

The main PWB consists mainly of CPU (U01) and primarily performs the printing data processing and interface controls with computers. The CPU (U1) outputs the laser light and executes printing following the code ROM (U05) that stores the control programs being linked with the process and paper feeding/conveying mechanism that the engine/high voltage PWB controls.

For 18 ppm printer

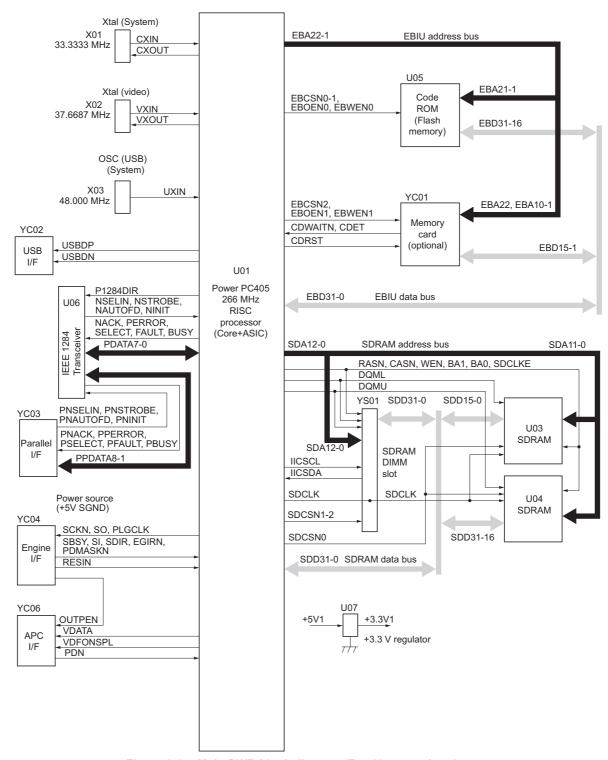
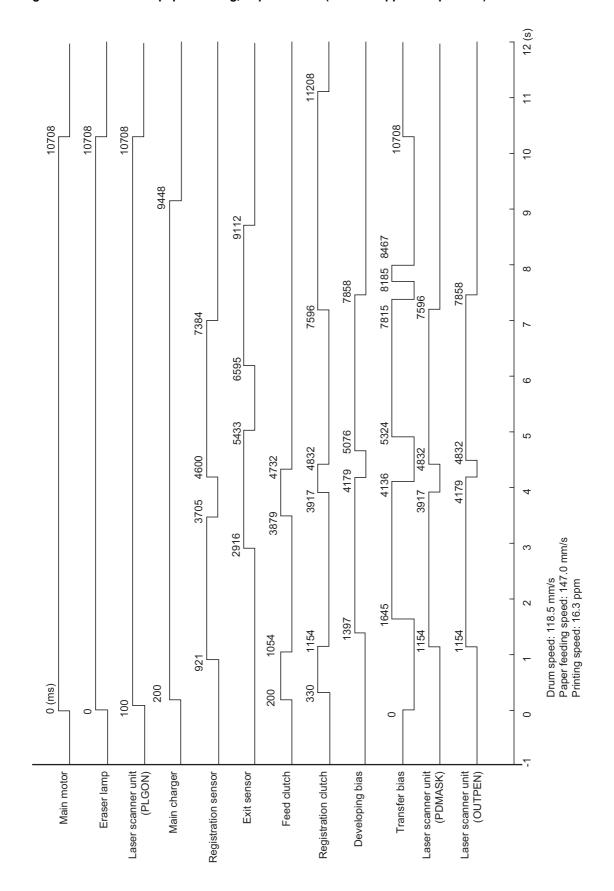


Figure 2-3-5 Main PWB block diagram (For 18 ppm printer)

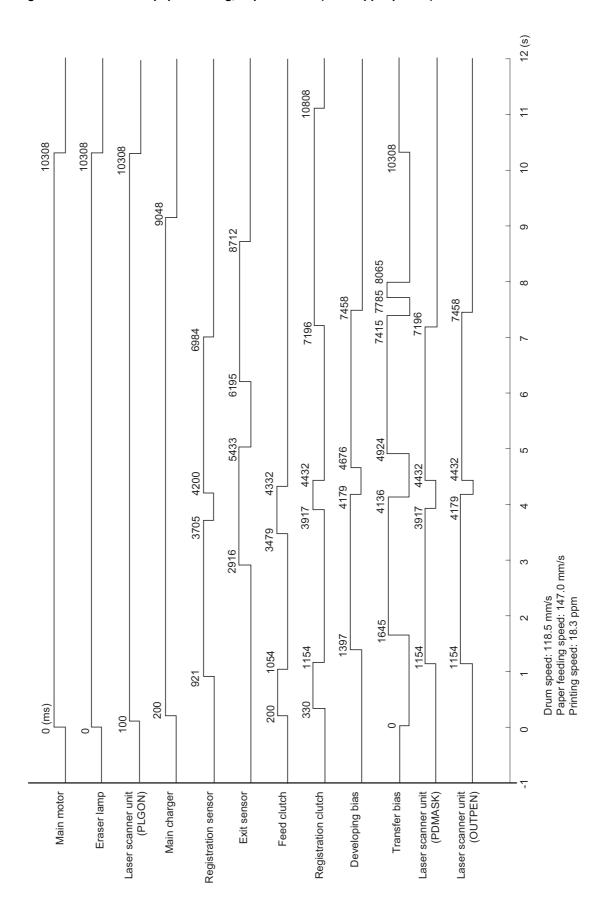
The main PWB consists mainly of CPU (U01) and primarily performs the printing data processing and interface controls with computers. The CPU (U1) outputs the laser light and executes printing following the code ROM (U05) that stores the control programs being linked with the process and paper feeding/conveying mechanism that the engine/high voltage PWB controls.

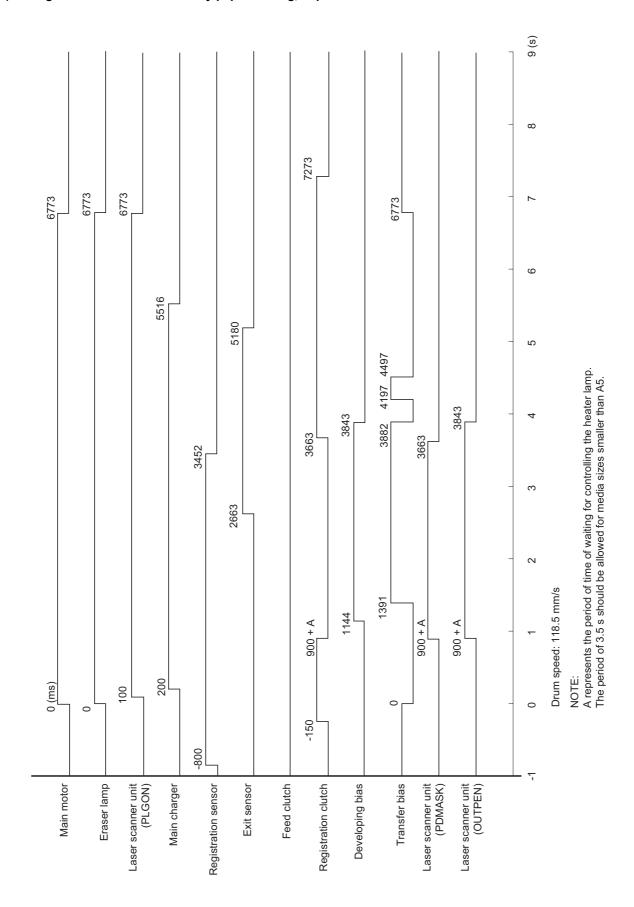
2-4-1 Appendixes

(1) Timing chart No.1 Cassette paper feeding, Paper size A4 (For 16/16 ppm GDI printers)

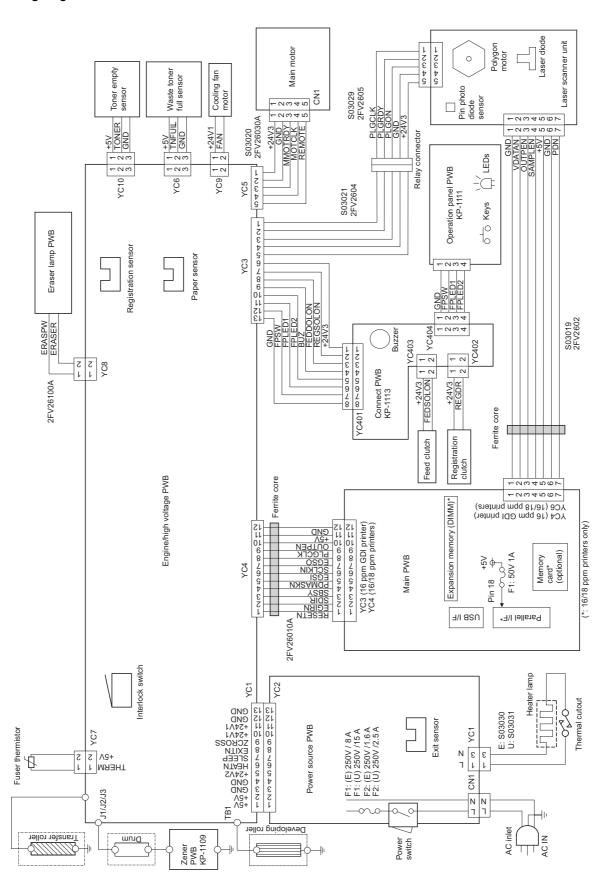


(2) Timing chart No.2 Cassette paper feeding, Paper size A4 (For 18 ppm printer)





(4) Wiring diagram



(5) Repetitive defects gauge

•	- First occurrence of defect
•	- [24 mm] Upper registration roller
	- [38 mm] Lower registration roller - [47.2 mm] Developing roller (Developer unit) - [48 mm] Transfer roller
	- [63 mm] Heat roller, Press roller (Fuser unit)
 •	- [94 mm] Drum (Drum unit)

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